

RISK MANAGEMENT REPORT INCORPORATING THE BOARD ASSURANCE FRAMEWORK (BAF)

Author: Risk and Assurance Manager Sponsor: Medical Director Date: Thursday 7th January 2016

Executive Summary

Context

It is important that the Trust Board (TB) is sighted to the significant risks within the organisation and their mitigating controls. This information is provided on a monthly basis via the Board Assurance Framework (BAF) and an excerpt from the UHL risk register showing all risks rated extreme and high. The BAF is the key source of evidence that links strategic objectives to risks, controls and assurances, and the main tool that the will use in seeking assurance that those internal control mechanisms are effective.

Questions

1. Does the BAF provide an accurate reflection of the principal risks to our strategic objectives?
2. Is sufficient assurance provided that the principal risks are being effectively controlled?
3. Have agreed actions been completed within the specified target dates?
4. Does the TB have knowledge of new significant risks reported within the reporting period?
5. What are the key themes in relation to the extreme and high risks on the UHL risk register

Conclusion

1. Executive leads of each strategic objective have provided an accurate picture of our principal risks affecting the achievement of our objectives.
2. 'Reasonable assurance' ratings flagged amber or red may benefit from more quantitative KPIs and /or further external scrutiny (e.g. via internal audit) to provide additional assurance that controls are effective.
3. All actions have been completed within specified deadlines.
4. The TB is sighted to all new extreme and high risks on the UHL risk register during November by reference to the attached report.
5. The majority of risks are related to workforce capacity and capability which, should they occur, might impact on patient safety, quality of services and operational targets. To lesser extent there is also a number of risks relating to Estates and Facilities maintenance and services

Input Sought

We would welcome the board's input to

- (a) Receive and note this report;
- (b) Consider and challenge any areas where they feels risks are not being adequately controlled

For Reference

1. The following objectives were considered when preparing this report:

Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare	[Yes]
Effective, integrated emergency care	[Yes]
Consistently meeting national access standards	[Yes]
Integrated care in partnership with others	[Yes]
Enhanced delivery in research, innovation & ed'	[Yes]
A caring, professional, engaged workforce	[Yes]
Clinically sustainable services with excellent facilities	[Yes]
Financially sustainable NHS organisation	[Yes]
Enabled by excellent IM&T	[Yes]

2. This matter relates to the following governance initiatives:

Organisational Risk Register	[Yes]
Board Assurance Framework	[Yes]

3. Related Patient and Public Involvement actions taken, or to be taken: [None]

4. Results of any Equality Impact Assessment, relating to this matter: [None]

5. Scheduled date for the next paper on this topic: [04/02/16]

6. Executive Summaries should not exceed 1 page. [My paper does comply]

7. Papers should not exceed 7 pages. [My paper does not comply]

Board Assurance Dashboard:		November 2015							
Objective	Risk No.	Risk Description	Owner	Current Risk Rating	Target Risk Rating	Risk Movement	Reasonable Assurance Rating	Board Committee for Assurance	
								Comm	Date
Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare	1	Lack of progress in implementing UHL Quality Commitment (QC).	CN	9	6	↔	G	EQB/QAC	
An effective and integrated emergency care system	2	Emergency attendance/ admissions increase	COO	25	6	↔	A	EPB/TB	
Services which consistently meet national access standards	3	Failure to transfer elective activity to the community , develop referral pathways, and key changes to the cancer providers in the local health economy may adversely affect our ability to consistently meet national access standards	COO	12	6	↔	G	EPB/IFPIC	
Integrated care in partnership with others	4	Existing and new tertiary flows of patients not secured compromising UHL's future more specialised status.	DS	15	10	↔	A	ESB/TB	
	5	Failure to deliver integrated care in partnership with others including failure to: Deliver the Better Care Together year 2 programme of work Participate in BCT formal public consultation with risk of challenge and judicial review Develop and formalise partnerships with a range of providers (tertiary and local services) Explore and pioneer new models of care. Failure to deliver integrated care.	DS	15	10	↔	R	ESB/TB	
Enhanced delivery in research, innovation and clinical education	6	Failure to retain BRU status.	MD	15	6	↑	A	ESB/TB	
	7	Clinical service pressures and too few trainers meeting GMC criteria may mean we fail to provide consistently high standards of medical education.	MD	12	4	↔	A	EWB/TB	
	8	Insufficient engagement of clinical services, investment and governance may cause failure to deliver the Genomic Medicine Centre project at UHL	MD	16	6	↑	A	ESB/TB	
A caring, professional and engaged workforce	10	Gaps in inclusive and effective leadership capacity and capability , lack of support for workforce well- being, and lack of effective team working across local teams may lead to deteriorating staff engagement and difficulties in recruiting and retaining medical and non-medical staff	DWOD	16	8	↔	G	EWB/TB	
A clinically sustainable configuration of services, operating from excellent facilities	11	Insufficient estates infrastructure capacity and the lack of capacity of the Estates team may adversely affect major estate transformation programme	DS	20	10	↔	A	ESB/IFPIC	
	12	Limited capital envelope to deliver the reconfigured estate which is required to meet the Trust's revenue obligations	DS	20	8	↑	G	ESB/IFPIC	
	13	Lack of robust assurance in relation to statutory compliance of the estate	DS	16	8	↔	A	ESB/IFPIC	
	14	Failure to deliver clinically sustainable configuration of services	DS	12	8	↔	A	ESB/IFPIC	
A financially sustainable NHS Organisation	15	Failure to deliver the 2015/16 programme of services reviews, a key component of service-line management (SLM)	DS	9	6	↔	G	EPB/IFPIC	
	16	Failure to deliver UHL's deficit control total in 2015/16	CFO	15	10	↔	G	EPB/IFPIC	
	17	Failure to achieve a revised and approved 5 year financial strategy	CFO	15	10	↔	G	EPB/IFPIC	
Enabled by excellent IM&T	18	Delay to the approvals for the EPR programme	CIO	16	6	↔	A	IMT/IFPIC	
	19	Perception of IM&T delivery by IBM leads to a lack of confidence in the service	CIO	16	6	↔	G	IMT/IFPIC	

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Reporting period									
Principal risk: Example	Title of the risks which threaten the achievement of the Trust's objectives									Risk owner:	Risk owner	
Strategic objective:	Title of objective that the risk is linked to									Objective owner:	Objective owner	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
Based on performance of controls and assurances	5x5 = 25	5x5 = 25	5x4=20	5x4=20	5x4=20	5x3= 15	5x3= 15	5x2 = 10	5x2 = 10	5x2 = 10	3x2=6	3x2=6
Target risk rating (I x L):	3 x 2 = 6											
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls									Gaps in Control / Assurance		
	Internal						External					
<p>Directive: Designed to inform/ensure (direct) that a particular outcome is achieved. Examples: Policies and Procedures, Governance Structure (Board, Sub Committee and Management Committees), Leadership infrastructure, Business Plans, Delivery Plans, Action Plans and Implementation Plans</p> <p>Preventive: Designed to limit/stop (prevent) the possibility of an undesirable outcome being realised. Examples: System controls (passwords). Processes to follow (i.e. sign-off of something), Controlled access to areas</p> <p>Detective: Designed to indicate/ recognise (detect) outcomes. By definition they are 'after the event' (reactive). Examples: Metrics from data sets such as Q&P report, KPIs, incident stats, risk registers, audits that detect a change.</p> <p>Corrective: Designed to recover (correct) undesirable outcomes which have been realised.</p>	<p>Key performance indicators</p> <p>Performance reports</p> <p>Compliance audit reports</p> <p>Clinical audit reports</p> <p>Surveys (patient experience, FFT)</p> <p>Staff appraisals</p> <p>Training reports</p> <p>Internal investigation results</p> <p>SUI reports</p> <p>Patient advice and liaison service reports</p> <p>Internal benchmarking</p>						<p>Internal audit</p> <p>External audit</p> <p>CQC feedback</p> <p>HSE feedback</p> <p>MHRA feedback</p> <p>External feedback received</p> <p>External benchmarking</p> <p>Peer reviews</p> <p>University / college visits</p>			<p>Gap in Control:</p> <p>Where monitoring of a detective control identifies a deteriorating performance trend then it would suggest that a control is ineffective i.e. 'a gap in control'.</p> <p>Gap in Assurance:</p> <p>A gap in assurance exists where there is failure to gain evidence that controls are effective (i.e. we don't know how we are performing). Any gaps in either controls or assurance will be identified in the BAF, along with actions, action owners and timescales for implementation.</p>		

Examples: Disaster recovery plans, Contingency plans, Emergency Planning

**Reasonable assurance rating:
Based on quantity and quality of
internal and external assurances**

A

**Comments on
assurance**

Comments on the considered adequacy of the assurance sources listed above

Action tracker:

**Due
date**

Owner

Progress update:

Status

List of actions to be taken to treat the gaps identified above (referenced to the gap identified above)

Progress update of the action/s

Action
states
from
tracker



Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 1:	Lack of progress in implementing UHL Quality Commitment									Risk owner:	Chief Nurse (CN)		
Strategic objective:	Safe, high quality, patient centred healthcare									Objective owner:	CN		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9					
Target risk rating (I x L):	3 x 2 = 6												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls					Internal			External			Gaps in Control / Assurance	
<p>Directive Controls 'National guidance for Friends and family test' Clinical pathways of care Corporate leads agreed for work streams of the Quality Commitment (QC).</p> <p>Detective Controls Quarterly patient safety report highlighting number of 'harms' moderate and above Work programme of Mortality Review Committee to identify SHMI (=/ 100 by Mar 2016). Reported to Mortality and Morbidity Committee and TB, QAC via Q&P report. Friends and Family score (target 97% by March 2016) reported monthly via Q&P report to TB and QAC Quarterly QC report to EQB to monitor achievement of key milestones</p>	<p>UHL SHMI Apr14 - Mar 15 reduced to 98</p> <p>Achievement of 5% reduction in moderate and above 'harms' in Quarter 2 2015/16</p> <p>Inpatient (inc D/C) 'friends and family' score for November ('caring' KPI C1) = 96% (1% down on previous reporting period)</p> <p>Achievement of key milestones within QC work plans monitored by relevant trust level committee.</p>					<p>Delivery against CQUIN schedule as per contract</p> <p>Internal Audit mortality and morbidity review due Q3 2015/16</p> <p>Internal audit review in relation to outpatient patient experience due Q4 2015/16.</p>			<p>(a) Currently not all deaths are screened and there is a requirement to move to 100%. (1.2) (1.3), (1.5)</p>				
Assurance rating:	G	Comments on assurance		Good range of assurance sources. Performance against KPIs within thresholds.									
Action tracker:					Due date	Owner	Progress update:				Status		
Roll out plan to be developed (1.2)					Sep-15	MD	Complete. Process drafted and incorporated into policy. Being launched at M&M Lead's forum on 18th May.				5		

Audit support to be provided (1.3)	Oct -15 Review Nov -15 Jan - 16	MD	Funding approved. Recruitment into substantive roles dependant upon the vacancy controls panel outcome. Deadline extended to reflect expected dates for roles to be filled. Post not approved	2
Mortality database to be developed (1.5)	Oct -15 Review Nov -15 Jan - 16	MD	Database scoping exercise being undertaken. Awaiting feedback from potential providers. Excel spread sheet database being used in the meantime. Further changes to database required following feedback from M and M leads and excel spread sheet continues to be used.	3
Pilot Copelands Risk adjusted Barometer (CRAB)	Mar-16	MD		4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15															
Principal risk 2:	Emergency attendance/ admissions increase										Risk owner:	Chief Operating Officer						
Strategic objective:	An effective and integrated emergency care system										Objective owner:	COO						
Current risk rating (I x L):	April 4x5=20	May 4x5=20	June 4x5=20	July 4x5=20	August 4x5=20	Sept 4x5 = 20	Oct 5x5=25	Nov 5x5=25	Dec	Jan	Feb	March						
Target risk rating (I x L):	3x2=6																	
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls						Gaps in Control / Assurance											
	Internal						External											
Directive / Preventative Controls NHS '111' helpline GP referrals Local/ National communication campaigns Triage by Lakeside Health (from 3/11/15) for all walk-in patients to ED. Urgent Care Centre (UCC) now managed by UHL from 31/10/15 Detective Controls Q&P report monitoring ED 4-hour waits, ambulance handover >30 mins and >60 mins, total attendances / admissions. Comparative ED performance summaries showing total attendances and admissions.	ED 4 hour wait performance (threshold 95%) 81.7% (7.2% decrease since previous report). Performance continues to decline primarily driven by record ED attendances and emergency admissions but has also been contributed to by staffing issues. Total attendances and admissions (compared to previous year) Attendance +4.1% Admissions + 7.3% Ambulance handover (threshold 0 delays over 30 mins) Difficulties continue in accessing beds from ED leading to congestion in the assessment area and delayed ambulance handover. >30 - <60 mins delay 26%, >60mins 27%, Bed Occupancy. Monitored daily but not formally reported						National benchmarking of emergency care data Urgent Care Board fortnightly dashboard.						(c) Effectiveness of admissions avoidance plan (2.1) Lack of winter surge capacity (2.1)					
Assurance rating:	A	Comments on assurance		Acceptable number of internal assurance sources. Limited number of external assurance sources identified at present. Performance against a number of the KPIs is deteriorating.														
Action tracker:					Due date	Owner	Progress update:					Status						
LLR plan to reduce admissions (including access to Primary Care) (2.1)					01/11/2015 Review Dec 16	COO	Admissions and attendance continue to increase					2						

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 3	Failure to transfer elective activity into community, develop referral pathways, and changes to cancer providers may affect ability to meet access standards									Risk owner:	COO		
Strategic objective:	Services which consistently meet national access standards									Objective owner:	COO		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April 3x3=9	May 3x3=9	June 3x3=9	July 3x3=9	August 3x3=9	Sept 3x3=9	Oct 4x3=12	Nov 4x3=12	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
Target risk rating (I x L):	3 x 2 = 6												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls						Internal			External			Gaps in Control / Assurance
Detective Controls RTT incomplete waiting times, cancer access and diagnostic standards reported via Q&P report to TB Corrective controls Medinet providing w/e lists Patients transferred to Circle and Nuffield Additional lists by UHL consultants	RTT Incomplete waiting times (threshold 92%). Currently 93.8% (0.2% increase) RTT backlog currently 3000 Cancer Access Standards (reported quarterly). Current performance based on Oct actual figures as Nov data not available 2 ww for urgent GP referral (Threshold 93%). 90% 2 ww for symptomatic breast patients (threshold 93%). 94.6% 31 day wait for 1st treatment (threshold 96%). 95.2% 31 day wait for 2nd or subsequent treatments (Drugs - threshold 98%). 100% (Surgery - threshold 94%). 90.6% (Radiotherapy - threshold 94%). 94% 62 day wait for 1st treatment (threshold 85%).						Internal audit review on breast screening and cancer performance standards due Q2 2015/16. Internal audit review in relation to waiting times for elective care due in quarter 4 2015/16. NHS IQ to externally review endoscopy Cancer and RTT Board monthly meetings with CCGs and NTDA. Monthly performance call with NTDA NHS Intensive Support team visit Aug 2015			(c) Have yet to implement tools and processes that allow us to improve our overall responsiveness through tactical planning (3.3) (c) Failure of diagnostic 6 week standard due to endoscopy overdue planned patients (3.5) (c) Emerging gap in ability to meet Gastro outpatient demand			

		<p>77% due to significant increase in Gastro demand.</p> <p>62 day wait for 1st treatment (CSS referral-threshold 90%). 96.2%</p> <p>Cancer wait 104 days (threshold TBC). 17</p> <p>Diagnostics</p> <p>6 week waiting times (threshold <1%). Nov Predicted 6.5%. Predominantly due to unplanned scan downtime due to equipment instability</p>	Cancer plan to regional tri-partite Oct 2015		
Assurance rating:	G	Comments on assurance	Acceptable number of assurances. Deteriorating position on a number of KPIs		
Action tracker:			Due date	Owner	Progress update:
					Status

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 4:	Existing and new tertiary flows of patients not secured compromising UHL's future more specialised status									Risk owner:		Director of Strategy (DS)	
Strategic objective:	Integrated care in partnership with others									Objective owner:		DS	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15					
Target risk rating (I x L):	5 x 2 = 10												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls						Gaps in Control / Assurance						
	Internal			External									
Directive Controls NHS England Five Year Forward View sets out the national strategic direction. UHL Business Decision Process. UHL/NUH Children's Services Collaborative Group. Partnership Board for Specialised Services established in Northamptonshire. Membership includes Northants CCGs; NHS England; KGH; NGH and UHL. Bipartite Partnership Working Group UHL/NUH. Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) between NUH and UHL Tripartite Working Group UHL/NUH/ULHT. Detective/Corrective Controls UHL Tertiary Partnerships Board.	UHL Tertiary Partnerships Board reporting to ESB Monthly on achievements in the last month, looking forward and new partnership areas.			Inclusion in acute services contract. Compliance with national service specifications. Strategic Clinical Network/Senate reviews.			(c) Absence of Tertiary Partnerships Strategy (4.1). (c): Lack of MoU for a number of work-streams. (4.4) (a) Detailed work plan required for major areas (4.2). (a) Lack of reporting on return on investment e.g. income (4.3).						
Assurance rating:	A		Comments on assurance	Few 'hard KPIs' (i.e. quantitative assurances) identified. Number of gaps assurance may present some challenges to the effective management of this risk									
Action tracker:					Due date	Owner	Progress update:				Status		
Tertiary Partnerships Strategy to ESB (4.1)					Dec-15	DS	Paper to 8 December 2015.				4		
Detailed work plan to Partnership Board.(4.2)					Dec-15	DS	May slip to January 2016.				3		
Begin reporting on return on investment (4.3)					Jan-16	DS							

Develop MoUs for work streams

Jan-16

JC

1st MoU to ESB in December 2015

4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 5:	Failure to deliver integrated care in partnership with others including failure to: Deliver the Better Care Together year 2 programme of work Participate in BCT formal public consultation with risk of challenge and judicial review Develop and formalise partnerships with a range of providers (tertiary and local services) Explore and pioneer new models of care. Failure to deliver integrated care.									Risk owner:		Director of Strategy (DS)	
Strategic objective:	Integrated care in partnership with others									Objective owner:		DS	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	3x5=15	3x5=15	3x5=15	3x5=15	3x5=15	3x5=15	3x5=15	3x5=15					
Target risk rating (I x L):	2x5=10												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls						Internal			External			Gaps in Control / Assurance
Directive Controls Robust - BCT and UHL/BCT project governance structure including programme management arrangements BCT Programme five year directional plan Two-year operational plan LLR BCT Strategic Outline Case LLR BCT Partnership Board UHL/BCT Reconfiguration Programme Board System wide project delivery structure and organisational specific delivery mechanisms LLR project delivery through LLR Implementation Group	Av length of stay (10% improvement in 15/16) Reduction in emergency admissions with a length of stay of 0-6 hours. Rapid access HF clinic attendances from ED and CDU. Integrated medicine (elderly) av length of stay 3day + emergency patients. Respiratory av length of stay 3day + emergency patients. Cardiology av length of stay 3day + emergency patients. Patient experience Satisfaction of people who use services with their care and support. Increase in virtual appointments. ED unplanned re-attendance rate. SHMI Jan - Dec 2014 reduced to 99 Increased treatments in community setting. Enhanced out of hospital ICS bed capacity (130 beds by the end of March 2016). +32 in place as of 1/12/15 Target bed occupancy 90%. Current 88-90%.						Internal audit review in relation to governance structures around hosted services i.e. Elective Care Alliance due Q2 2015/16.						(a)Lack of LLR wide BCT outcome dashboard required so that performance can be monitored (5.1) (c) No detailed plans for overall change management/organisational development .These will form the basis for the narrative for formal consultation. (5.3 &5.5) (c) Project plan for Frail Older Person Service not yet developed (5.4)
Detective Controls Progress updates to LLR BCT Partnership Board Monthly UHL/BCT Programme Board progress reports to ESB LLR wide performance monitoring report presented to Trust Board Monthly BCT progress report to Trust Board Monthly project specific highlight reports													

considered at UHL/BCT Programme Board Draft LLR wide performance dashboard presented to Trust Board for use by UHL. BCT Implementation Board has completed triangulation and assurance process across the 8 clinical work streams	Av length of stay (10 days). Current < 10 days. Emergency admissions Delayed Transfer of Care		
--	---	--	--

Assurance rating:	R	Comments on assurance	Large number of internal assurances now with thresholds identified, however currently not all have the current performance listed. Without this detail it is unclear as to whether we are on track with our
--------------------------	----------	------------------------------	---

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
A BCT Programme Dashboard to be established and agreed with the BCT PMO. (5.1)	Nov-15 Dec-15 Mar - 16	DS	Initial draft presented to Partnership Board November 2015. Further development required including agreement on KPI's and thresholds. BCT PMO advise that It is unlikely that thresholds will be agreed before March 2016. Deadline extended to reflect this	3
BCT PMO to facilitate triangulation process (5.2)	Review Nov 15	DS	Complete. Assurance process for each work stream being progressed via the BCT Implementation Group. Action on-going	5
Plan for consultation including a governance roadmap to be completed. (5.3)	Oct-15 Review Nov-15 Dec-15	DS	NHS England have requested further work on the Pre-Consultation Business Case. Date TBC	2
Integrated Frail Older Person Service project plan to be developed (5.4)	Oct-15 Review Nov-15 Dec - 15	DS	Discussion on-going between UHL/LPT at chief executive level. Date for completion TBC	3
OD and change plan - For inclusion in revised PCBC narrative and project plans (5.3)	Dec-15	DS	Revised narrative agreed through the LLR HR &OD group. Head of Local Partnerships and Assistant Director of OD have met and discussed how OD and the 'UHL way' can be embedded into current and future reconfiguration projects and/or BCT projects. This will be reflected in the development and management of project plans.	3

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 6:	Failure to retain BRU status								Risk owner:	Medical Director (MD)			
Strategic objective:	Enhanced delivery in research, innovation and clinical education								Objective owner:	MD			
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	5x3=15					
Target risk rating (I x L):	3 x 2 = 6												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls						Gaps in Control / Assurance						
	Internal			External									
<p>Directive Controls Each BRU has a strategy document</p> <p>Preventive Controls UHL R&I supportive role to BRUs by meeting with Universities (Joint Strategic Meeting) Good working relationships between UHL and University partners Good track record of attracting subjects into studies Contracting and innovation team. Work with Medipex to commercialise our projects/ ideas.</p> <p>Detective Controls Financial monitoring of BRUs via Annual Report</p> <p>Corrective controls UHL to provide funding from external sources for targeted posts if necessary</p>	Financial performance and academic output reported to UHL Joint Strategic meetings for assurance. In addition financial performance reported to each BRU Executive Board. Financial performance currently on plan.			Highest recruiting Trust in the East Midlands and 7th nationally			NIHR monitor BRU performance University analysis of data			(c) NIHR national strategy not under UHL control (c) Weak support from academic partners (6.1) (c) Unsuccessful application for Athena Swan 'silver' from UoL Medical School(6.2)			
Assurance rating:	A		Comments on assurance	Few 'hard KPIs' (i.e. quantitative assurances) identified to monitor the effectiveness of controls									
Action tracker:					Due date	Owner	Progress update:				Status		

Closer joint working with Universities to provide successful Athena Swan (6.2) application.	Review Jan 2016	MD	Respiratory BRU & cardiovascular BRU submitting own applications in Dec 2015 however UoL Medical School applied for Athena Swan, looking to be awarded silver status but were awarded bronze. Silver is the minimum required by the NIHR to be eligible to apply for BRU awards	3
Develop new 4-way strategy meeting with UHL, UoL, LU and DMU (6.1)	Mar-16	MD		4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15															
Principal risk 7:	Too few trainers meeting GMC criteria means we fail to provide consistently high standards of medical education								Risk owner:	Medical Director (MD)								
Strategic objective:	Enhanced delivery in research, innovation and clinical education								Objective owner:	MD								
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March						
	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x3=9	3x4=12	3x4=12										
Target risk rating (I x L):	2 x 2 = 4																	
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls						Gaps in Control / Assurance											
	Internal						External											
Directive Controls Medical Education Strategy Operational guidance Detective Controls Medical education database to show number of accredited trainers which feeds into Medical Education Quality dashboard. Reported to EWB via Medical Education Committee minutes University Dean's report	Medical Education Quality Dashboard shows the percentage of medical staff complying with GMC requirements (per CMG). Target 100%. Current position (per CMG) = • CHUGGS 65% • CSI: o Imaging 89% o Pathology 38% • ESM 70% • ITAPS 79% • MSS 90% • RRCV 49% • W&C: o Women's 97% o Children's 56% University Deans report to show % of fully recognised medical trainers in UHL. (threshold 100%) by July 2016. Current position = 76% UHL trainee survey						HEEM accreditation visits. GMC trainee survey results						(c & a) Accuracy of database uncertain (7.1) (c) EWB and CMG scrutiny / challenge of Medical Education issues is weak (7.2)					
Assurance rating:	A		Comments on assurance	Until the issues around the accuracy of the database can be resolved then full assurance cannot be provided and may present some challenges to the management of this risk														
Action tracker:						Due date	Owner	Progress update:				Status						

Ensure engagement with CMGs to embed Medical Education Dashboard to ensure more robust data (7.1)	Jun-16	S Carr		4
Medical Director to 'champion' scrutiny of Medical Education Committee minutes at EWB (7.2)	Mar-16	MD		4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 8:	Insufficient engagement of clinical services, investment and governance may cause failure to deliver the Genomic Medicine Centre project at UHL								Risk owner:	Medical Director (MD)			
Strategic objective:	Enhanced delivery in research, innovation and clinical education								Objective owner:	MD			
Current risk rating (I x L):	April 3x3=9	May 3x3=9	June 3x3=9	July 3x3=9	August 3x3=9	Sept 3x3=9	Oct 4x3=12	Nov 4x4=16	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
Target risk rating (I x L):	3 x 2 = 6												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls						Internal		External		Gaps in Control / Assurance		
<p>Directive Controls Director of R&I meets with key CMG managers to ensure engagement. Genomic Medicine Centre (GMC) CMG leads for Cancer and rare diseases New pathway for samples initiated with Genomic Medicine Centre at Cambridge (previously Nottingham).</p> <p>Preventive Controls Engagement with CMGs via comms strategy including weekly national and local (i.e. UHL) news letters Contracting and innovation team Work with Medplex to help commercialise our projects ideas</p> <p>Detective Controls Research study subject recruitment trajectory (sufficient income depends upon meeting recruitment thresholds). Monitored by GMC Steering Committee and UHL Exec Team</p>	<p>Monthly and annual trajectory for recruitment into this project.</p> <p>Currently we are approximately 50% below trajectory and this is continuing to deteriorate.</p> <p>New pathway for samples initiated with Genomic Medicine Centre at Cambridge to resolve issues</p>						<p>Eastern England Genomic Centre monitoring against recruitment trajectory.</p>		<p>(c) Ineffective recruitment into studies attributable to lack of research staff (8.1)</p>				
Assurance rating:	A	Comments on assurance		Consideration should be given as to whether the current assurance sources are adequate to monitor the effectiveness of controls									

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
Lead nurse and team of Clinical Research Assistants to be appointed.	Dec-15	DRI		4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Oct-15										
Principal risk 9:	Changes in senior management/ leaders in partner organisations may adversely affect relationships / partnerships with universities.									Risk owner:	Medical Director (MD)		
Strategic objective:	Enhanced delivery in research, innovation and clinical education									Objective owner:	MD		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	3x2=6	3x2=6	3x2=6	3x2=6	3x2=6	3x2=6	3x2=6						
Target risk rating (I x L):	3 x 2 = 6												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls						Gaps in Control / Assurance						
	Internal			External									
Maintaining relationships with key academic partners. Developing relationships with key academic partners. Existing well established partners: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> University of Leicester Loughborough University Developing partnerships; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> De Montfort University University of Nottingham University College London (Life Study) Cambridge University (100k project) Nigel/ David - Upon further discussion we wonder whether this is a 'stand alone' risk or whether it is in fact a 'cause' (ie weak support from academic partners) that would impact on the achievement of retention of BRUs? yes - I think thats a good way of looking at it (Nigel Brunskill)	Minutes of joint UHL/UoL Strategy meetings Minutes of Joint BRU Board Minutes of NCSEM Management Board Meetings of Joint UHL/UoL research office Life steering group meets monthly EM CLAHRC Management Board reports via R&D Exec to ESB						(c) Contacts with Universities could be developed more closely (9.1)						
Assurance rating:	TBA		Comments on assurance										
Action tracker:					Due date	Owner	Progress update:			Status			
Develop new 4 way strategy meeting with UHL, UoL, LU and DMU (9.1)					Mar-16	MD							

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 10:	Gaps in inclusive and effective leadership capacity and capability , lack of support for workforce well- being, and lack of effective team working across local teams may lead to deteriorating staff engagement and difficulties in recruiting and retaining medical and non-medical staff									Risk owner:		Director of Workforce and Organisational Development (DWOD)	
Strategic objective:	A caring, professional and engaged workforce									Objective owner:		DWOD	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4x4=15	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16					
Target risk rating (I x L):	4 x 2 = 8												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls						Internal			External			Gaps in Control / Assurance
Directive Controls Organisational development (OD) Plan Listening into Action (LiA) Workforce planning Leadership into Action Strategy Equality Action plan 'Freedom to Speak' standard Strategy Medical Workforce strategy Detective Controls Organisational health dashboard Q&P report 3636 concerns hotline Junior Dr 'gripe tool' Patients Safety walkabouts UHL intranet 'staff room' Clinical Senate Monthly 'Breakfast with the Boss' forums	Organisational health dashboard and Q&P report including: Friends and family staff survey (% of staff who would recommend UHL as a place to work). Jul - Sept = 55.7% (qtrly report) Turnover rate 10.15% (monthly report - threshold =/< 11). Sickness absence rate = 3.5% (monthly report- threshold 3%) Annual appraisal rate = 90.4 % (monthly report - threshold 95%) Stat/ Man training = 92% (monthly report - threshold 95%) Corporate induction attendance for Nov = 97% (monthly report - threshold 95%)						Internal audit review of medical staffing due Q3 2015/16. Internal audit review of recruitment and retention of staff due Q2 2015/16.			(a) No threshold in place for F&F staff survey (10.1) (c) BCT Workforce Strategy Delivery Plan (10.2) (c) Workforce Plan (10.3)			

Assurance rating:	G	Comments on assurance	No threshold currently in place for F&F staff survey for UHL to monitor performance		
Action tracker:		Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
Develop threshold for F&F staff survey. (10.1)		Dec-15	DWOD	To be agreed at December EWB Board	4
Development of Workforce Plan aligned to BCT (10.2)		Mar-16	DWOD	Addressing priorities workshop held in Oct 15	4
Development of BCT Workforce Strategy (10.3)		Dec-15	DWOD	Document produced as part of Pre-consultation	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 11:	Insufficient estates infrastructure capacity and the lack of capacity of the Estates team may adversely affect major estate transformation programme									Risk owner:		Director of Strategy (DS)	
Strategic objective:	A clinically sustainable configuration of services, operating from excellent facilities									Objective owner:		DS	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	5x4=20	5x4=20	5x4=20	5x4=20	5x4=20	5x4=20	5x4=20	5x4=20					
Target risk rating (I x L):	5 x 2 = 10												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls									Gaps in Control / Assurance			
	Internal			External									
<p>Directive Controls UHL reconfiguration programme governance structure aligned to BCT Reconfiguration investment programme demands linked to current infrastructure. Estates work stream to support reconfiguration established Five year capital plan and individual capital business cases identified to support reconfiguration</p> <p>Detective Controls Survey to identify high risk elements of engineering and building infrastructure. Monthly report to Capital Investment Monitoring committee to track progress against capital backlog and capital projects Regular reports to Executive Performance Board (EPB). Highlight reports developed monthly and reported to the UHL Reconfiguration Programme Board.</p> <p>Corrective Control Revised programme timescale approved by IFPIC</p>	<p>Capital expenditure and progress against reconfiguration programme monitored via Capital Investment committee. Major Capital - On track against revised schedule Annual programme - On track against revised schedule Space Management - Behind schedule Property Management - Behind schedule</p>						<p>(c) A programme of infrastructure improvements is yet to be identified (11.1) (c) Overall programme of works not yet identified and quantified in relation to risk (11.2) c) Currently no identified capital funding within 2015/16 programme and future years (11.3) (c) Conflicting responsibilities/roles of the estates and facilities team between UHL and the LLR estate and Facilities Management Collaborative. (11.4)</p>						

Assurance rating:	A	Comments on assurance	There may be benefit in considering whether a summary of performance via a RAG rating could be developed in order to provide an overall level of assurance to the Board via the BAF.		
Action tracker:		Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
Assessment of current capacity being established (11.1)		Jan-16	DEF	In Progress	4
Develop a programme of works (11.2)		Mar-16	DEF	In Progress	4
Identification of investment required and allocation of capital funding (11.3)		Mar-16	DEF/CFO	In Progress	4
Define resource and skills gaps and agree an enhanced team structure to support the significant reconfiguration programme (11.4)		Review Nov 15	DEF	PMO light support engaged and additional project managers recruited (fixed term) in relation to transformation projects however clarity is still required around the future enhanced status of Estates/ IFM teams	3

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 12:	Limited capital envelope to deliver the reconfigured estate which is required to meet the Trust's revenue obligations									Risk owner:	Director of Strategy (DS)		
Strategic objective:	A clinically sustainable configuration of services, operating from excellent facilities									Objective owner:	DS		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x5=20					
Target risk rating (I x L):	4 x 2 = 8												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls						Gaps in Control / Assurance						
	Internal			External									
<p>Directive Controls/Preventive Controls Five year capital plan and individual capital business cases identified to support reconfiguration Business case development is overseen by the strategy directorate and business case project boards manage and monitor individual schemes. Capital plan and overarching programme for reconfiguration is regularly reviewed by the executive team.</p> <p>Detective Controls Capital Investment Monitoring Committee to monitor the programme of capital expenditure and early warning to issues. Monthly reports to ESB and IFPIC on progress of reconfiguration capital programme. Highlight reports produced for each project board.</p> <p>Corrective Control Revised programme timescale approved by IFPIC</p>	Timescales for business case development - on track against revised programme timescale approved by IFPIC Resource expenditure for development of business cases - on track Affordability of business cases (i.e. schemes within allocated budget envelope) - on track against revised programme. Individual projects monitored via highlight report including project timelines which are reviewed by the Major Business Case meeting and Reconfiguration Board.			Regular meetings with NDTA ITFF NHS England BCT Programme Board			(c) Uncertain availability of external capital funding. (12.1) (c) 'road map' requires development to provide the full picture and deliverability of the programme of change (12.2)						

Assurance rating:	G	Comments on assurance	Range of assurance sources in place		
Action tracker:		Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
On-going discussions between Exec team and NTDA (12.1)		Review Nov 15 Dec 16	DEF/DS/ CFO	National announcements indicate a slowing of available capital which may impact on the current delivery plan	3
Consideration given to other sources of funding (12.1)		Review Nov 15 Feb 16	DEF/DS/ CFO	Piece of work underway led by CFO to explore other sources. This is an on-going action and will be reviewed again in February 2016.	3
PMO holding estates workshop and followed by joint Estates and Strategy workshop to provide the full picture and deliverability of the programme of change (12.2)		Nov 15 Feb 16	DEF/DS	Workshops held and. LGH work stream established to progress activities to refresh the 'route map' - outputs expected in Feb16	3

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15									
Principal risk 13:	Lack of robust assurance in relation to statutory compliance of the estate										Risk owner:	Director of Estates
Strategic objective:	A clinically sustainable configuration of services, operating from excellent facilities										Objective owner:	Director of Strategy (DS)
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March
	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x4=16	4x4=16				
Target risk rating (I x L):	4x2=8											
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls						Gaps in Control / Assurance					
	Internal			External								
Directive Controls LLR FMC Board Outsourced facilities management contract performance managed by the Estates and Facilities Management Collaborative Preventive/ Corrective Controls On-going major incident scenarios developed and played out to identify any deficiencies in data, process and systems Detective controls Monthly defined KPI's which monitor Interserve FM (IFM) are reported to Contract Management Panel Assurance on IFM performance monitored via ad-hoc spot checks and deep dive analysis and reported to Contract Management Panel	In excess of 70 KPIs across 14 services to monitor the IFM contract. UHL are reporting major concerns around performance and delivery of the IFM contract			PLACE inspection performed in March 2015. 3rd party independent auditing.			a) Lack of electronic evidence by IFM on compliance (a) Limited contractual KPI's in certain areas of compliance. (a) Uncertainty around adequacy of IFM response to critical failures of service (13.2)					
Assurance rating:	A		Comments on assurance	Inadequacies in IFM data collection via electronic means and appropriateness of KPIs may present a challenge to providing effective assurance of IFM performance.								
Action tracker:						Due date	Owner	Progress update:			Status	
To increase the number of manual audits (13.1)							DEF	Complete. Manual audits being carried out including deep			5	
Major failure scenarios being set with IFM (13.2)							DEF	Complete. Annual programme of testing failure scenarios b			5	

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 14:	Failure to deliver clinically sustainable configuration of services								Risk owner:	Director of Strategy (DS)			
Strategic objective:	A clinically sustainable configuration of services, operating from excellent facilities								Objective owner:	DS			
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=12	4x3=x12	4x3=12	4x3=12					
Target risk rating (I x L):	4x2=8												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls									Gaps in Control / Assurance			
	Internal						External						
<p>Directive Controls</p> <p>UHL reconfiguration programme governance structure aligned to BCT</p> <p>Strategic capital business case work streams aligned to BCT</p> <p>Monthly meetings with the NTDA to identify new business cases coming up for approval</p> <p>Detailed programme plan identifying key milestones for delivery of the capital plan.</p> <p>Project plans and resources identified against each project.</p> <p>A future operating model at speciality level which supports a two acute site footprint:</p> <p>Out of hospital contract approved and project established to shift appropriate activity into the community.</p> <p>Detective Controls</p> <p>A monthly highlight report to indicate RAG rating of reconfiguration programme submitted to the UHL Reconfiguration Programme Delivery Board.</p> <p>Monthly aggregate reporting to ESB, IFPIC and Trust Board.</p> <p>Monthly meetings with the NTDA to discuss the</p>	<p>Progress of all reconfiguration programme work streams is monitored via aggregated reporting to ESB/ IFPIC/ TB.</p> <p>Monthly updates via aggregated reporting to ESB/ IFPIC/ TB.</p> <p>Overall reconfiguration programme is RAG rated. Currently reported as 'amber' due to complexity of programme and risks associated with delivery.</p>						<p>Regular meetings with NTDA</p> <p>NHS England</p> <p>BCT Programme Board</p>			<p>(c) Lack of capacity within the NTDA to resource each of the business cases</p> <p>(a) Further work required, as part of future operating model, to look at the remaining acute services at the LGH to determine the gap in the current capital plan (14.1)</p> <p>(c) Delay in BCT public consultation (14.2)</p> <p>(a) No thresholds in place to provide an objective view of the RAG rating in relation to reconfiguration programme progress (14.3)</p>			

programme of delivery Monitoring of progress towards UHL two acute site model Monitoring of business case timescales for delivery. Requirements identified to deliver key projects overseen by PMO Monitor spend against agreed budgets.					
Assurance rating:	A	Comments on assurance	Currently no thresholds identified to provide objective RAG rating for reconfiguration programme progress		
Action tracker:		Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
Complete site survey at LGH and then to overlay future operating model outputs. (14.1)		Nov-16	DS	LGH work stream established to complete planning for refresh of the route map and more granular plan for release of the LGH	4
Develop a contingency address the delay (14.2)		Jan-16	DS	Impact of external influences (capital/consultation etc) is being considered with exec led actions to consider scenarios for review	4
Develop clear thresholds to enable a more objective RAG rating for overall progress of reconfiguration programme (14.3)		Jan-16	DS	Work underway to agree measures	4

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 15:	Failure to deliver the 2015/16 programme of services reviews, a key component of service-line management (SLM)									Risk owner:	Director of Strategy (DS)		
Strategic objective:	A financially sustainable NHS Organisation									Objective owner:	DS		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April 3x3=9	May 3x3=9	June 3x3=9	July 3x3=9	August 3x3=9	Sept 3x3=9	Oct 3x3=9	Nov 3x3=9	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
Target risk rating (I x L):	3x2=6												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls						Gaps in Control / Assurance						
	Internal			External									
Directive Controls Governance arrangements established Overarching project plan for service reviews developed New structure / methodology agreed for capturing outputs in a consistent way, aligned to the IHI Triple Aim. Detective Controls Monthly reporting to IFPIC and EPB as part of CIP report. SLM / Service Review Data Packs now to include a range of metrics, beyond finance Monthly updates required from services against pre-determined work programme. Measureable outcomes now embedded into the process via improved methodology - Where relevant, schemes with a financial benefit are added to the CIP Tracker	Regular updates (and reports) to ESB Regular updates to EPB and IFPIC as part of CIP paper (where schemes have a financial benefit) KPIs as agreed during each service review Service Review Roll Out / Project Plan milestones monitored via the above governance structure - Currently slightly behind plan due to operational pressures impacting on clinical engagement.			Internal Audit (PWC) October 2015 - Service Line Reporting			(c) BI capacity is (at times) limited which impacts on Data Pack production (15.1) (c) Clinical engagement can be variable (as is clinical capacity to get involved) (c) Improvement tools / change management techniques are under development (15.2)						
Assurance rating:	G		Comments on assurance	Appropriate assurance sources available for each service review to measure against KPIs which are reported into Exec Team identifying any deteriorating trends e.g. clinical engagement, operational pressures, etc.									
Action tracker:					Due date	Owner	Progress update:			Status			
Revised Data Pack being scoped for discussion with BI leads. (15.1)					Dec-15	DS	Work on-going throughout December			4			
Improvement tools (for use by clinical services) to be finalised (15.2)					Dec-15	DS	Work on-going throughout December			4			

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 16:	Failure to deliver UHL deficit control total in 2015/16									Risk owner:	CFO		
Strategic objective:	A financially sustainable NHS organisation									Objective owner:	CFO		
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15					
Target risk rating (I x L):	5x2=10												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls						Gaps in Control / Assurance						
	Internal			External									
Directive Controls Agreed Financial Plan for 2015/16 Standing Financial Instructions UHL Service and Financial strategy as per SOC and LTFM. Preventative Controls Sign-off and agreement of contracts with CCGs and NHS England CIP delivery plan for 2015/16 Detective Controls Monthly finance reporting in relation to income and expenditure and CIP Corrective Controls Identification and mitigation of excess cost pressures Production of financial recovery plan submitted to NTDA	Deficit of £28 million compared to a plan of £27 million (i.e. adverse position £1 million) ytd at M7 Improvement in pay premium spend in M7 CIP under-delivery of £1.5 million ytd. The detailed position was reviewed by the Executive Performance Board on 24/11/15, Integrated Finance, Performance & Investment Committee on 26/11/15 and Trust Board on 03/12/15 Run rates to achieve £34.1m in each area (pay, non-pay, CIP and income) updated for Months 8-12 and reported to Committees/Trust Board			Internal / external audit annual review of financial systems and processes due quarter 3 of 2015/16. TDA scrutiny monthly and quarterly with regional team			(c) Certain aspects of contract review in 2015/16 require negotiation with NHS England and CCGs. (c) Further actions are required to reduce premium medical pay spend in 2015/16 in line with recent national guidance. (16.1)						
Assurance rating:	A		Comments on assurance	Good number of assurance sources									
Reasonable assurance rating that risk is being managed:					Due date	Owner	Progress update:			Status			
Review national guidance in relation to premium medical pay and develop strategy for reduction (16.1)					Dec-15	CFO	In progress			4			

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 17:	Failure to achieve a revised and approved 5 year financial strategy								Risk owner:	Chief Finance Officer (CFO)			
Strategic objective:	A financially sustainable NHS organisation								Objective owner:	CFO			
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15	5x3=15					
Target risk rating (I x L):	5x2=10												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)					Assurance on effectiveness of controls				Gaps in Control / Assurance				
					Internal				External				
Directive Controls Overall strategic direction of travel defined through Better Care Together. Financial Strategy fully modelled and understood by all parties locally and nationally. UHL's working capital strategy in place. 2015/16 financial plan in place and monitored appropriately	Monthly reporting against 2015/16 plan - As at M7, the Trust is £1m adverse to plan. Half yearly review of LTFM to ensure fitness for purpose i.e. checking consistency with UHL's strategy and ensuring we have a deliverable recovery plan over the medium term. Strong links to overall BCT 5 year strategy and the financial consequences (revenue and capital) of the transformational business cases				Financial systems review due Q3 2015/16 Internal audit review of service line reporting processes due Q1 2015/16 NHS England and NTDA review of: BCT SOC BCT PCBC Financial strategy LTFM Individual business cases above a certain level				(c)LTFM not yet formally approved (17.1) (c)SOC not yet formally approved (17.2)				
Detective Controls Monthly monitoring of performance against financial plan. IFPIC and TB receive half yearly updates in relation to financial strategy and LTFM													
Corrective controls Explore options for other (non-NHS) sources of capital funding													
Assurance rating:	G		Comments on assurance		Good range of internal and external assurances								
Action tracker:					Due date	Owner	Progress update:				Status		
Liaise with TDA to agree process for LTFM submission and sign-off (17.1)					Review Nov 15 Jan 16	CFO	Still awaiting NDTA feedback.				3		

Liaise with TDA to agree process for SOC submission and sign-off (17.2)	Review Nov 15 Jan 16	CFO	Still awaiting NDTA feedback.	3
---	---------------------------------------	-----	-------------------------------	---

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 18:	Delay to the approvals for the EPR programme										Risk owner:	Chief Information Officer (CIO)	
Strategic objective:	Enabled by excellent IM&T										Objective owner:	CIO	
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16					
Target risk rating (I x L):	2 x 3 = 6												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls									Gaps in Control / Assurance			
	Internal						External						
<p>Directive Controls Weekly communications with key contacts throughout the external approvals chain. EPR project plan. IM&T transformation Board EPR programme Board and the joint Governance Board</p> <p>Detective Controls Weekly meeting to discuss progress and issues - Milestones that relate to the EPR early works are monitored to ensure that all work, that can be, is progressing to time.</p> <p>Corrective controls We have a contingency plan in place for the provision of services to the new ED department if the plan has no realistic chance of meeting their timelines. Works that support the EPR project but could be used for an alternative, if approval was not forthcoming, have continued.</p>	<p>Internal and external meetings about the FBC are being undertaken. the next key meeting is Jan 7th.</p> <p>Until National TDA approval is given we can't engage with our key partners to implement the system, however we continue to work to mitigate the impact of the delay</p>						<p>Internal audit review of implementation of gateway actions following review of EPR implementation due Q3 2015/16</p>			<p>(c)The NTDA have been unable to meet their timetable. This is due to the nationally deteriorating position around capital and is outside of the control of UHL. Currently we have further meetings planned into January 2016 but there is no timetable in place for approval at the moment.</p>			
Assurance rating:	A		Comments on assurance	Sole internal assurance source relates to the achievement of the key milestone leading to national approval for which there is currently no date set by NTDA.									

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
Progress work with NTDA/DoH to progress a firm timetable (18.1)	Dec -15 Review Jan 16	CIO	Currently we have further meetings planned into January 2016 but there is no timetable in place for NTDA approval at the moment. Deadline for review extended. We are unable to produce a timetable until after 7/1/2016	3

Board Assurance Framework:	Updated version as at:		Nov-15										
Principal risk 19:	Perception of IM&T delivery by IBM leads to a lack of confidence in the service								Risk owner:	Officer (CIO)			
Strategic objective:	Enabled by excellent IM&T								Objective owner:	CIO			
Current risk rating (I x L):	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	
	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16	4x4=16					
Target risk rating (I x L):	3 x 2 = 6												
Controls: (preventive, corrective, directive, detective)	Assurance on effectiveness of controls					Internal			External			Gaps in Control / Assurance	
<p>Directive Controls IM&T monthly news letter Monthly service delivery board</p> <p>Preventive Controls UHL IM&T governance structure Service credit regime which seeks to incentivise delivery and has an escalating failure regime for repeat monthly failures</p> <p>Detective Controls Monitoring of contract deliverables and quality of service i.e. number of LANDesk incidents and requests, and the number of telephone calls to the IT service desk. Monitoring of performance via customer satisfaction surveys. Liaison with the CMGs to ensure we are meeting their requirements.</p> <p>Corrective controls LIA event to improve perception and staged improvement plan to be fully developed</p>	<p>There are 148 performance indicators in total. 23 have not met their SLA, including key areas such: as Business Intelligence/Data Warehouse</p> <p>Customer satisfaction (trajectory of 95%) is at 78% (September data as we report a month in arrears)</p>					<p>Internal audit review in relation to IT general controls and systems due Q3 2015/16</p> <p>ISO 27001:2013 Audit in 2015, which was passed. We believe we are the first NHS trust to achieve this standard of service delivery</p>			<p>(a) Lack of an effective communications strategy (19.1)</p> <p>(c) No formal process, post the contract award, to test the delivery principles - (in the transfer of staff to IBM we extensively tested the gateways before we transferred services, now these are live with IBM we have limited contractual cover to test new processes other than good will) (19.2)</p>				
Assurance rating:	G		Comments on assurance	Good range of internal and external assurances									

Action tracker:	Due date	Owner	Progress update:	Status
Review of the new communications strategy and deliverables (19.1)	Dec-15	CIO	Strategy has been created and is being internally reviewed	4
To monitor the performance indicators in the improvement plan and communicate results to end users (19.2)	Mar-16	CIO	Further meetings have taken place with staff groups to look at individual items of concern. Plan has been created and now has staged delivery until March 16	4

Reasonable assurance rating:

Green	G	Appropriate assurances are available
Amber	A	A+C24ssurances are uncertain / insufficient
Red	R	Assurances are not available to the Board

Risk rating criteria:

Impact / Consequence			Likelihood	
5	Extreme	Catastrophic effect upon the objective, making it unachievable	5	Almost Certain (81%+)
4	Major	Significant effect upon the objective, thus making it extremely difficult/ costly to achieve	4	Likely (61% - 80%)
3	Moderate	Evident and material effect upon the objective, thus making it achievable only with some moderate difficulty/cost.	3	Possible (41% - 60%)
2	Minor	Small, but noticeable effect upon the objective, thus making it achievable with some minor difficulty/ cost.	2	Unlikely (20% - 40%)
1	Insignificant	Negligible effect upon the achievement of the objective.	1	Rare (Less than 20%)

Action tracker status:

5	Complete
4	On-track
3	Some delay. Expected to be completed as planned
2	Significant delay. Unlikely to be completed as planned.
1	Not yet commenced.
0	Objective revised.

BAF Risk Rating Matrix:

Risk ID	Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Likelihood	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
Z336	ED Emergency and Specialist Medicine	There is a risk of overcrowding due to the design and size of the ED footprint	31/12/2015 10/04/2013	<p>Design and size of footprint in resus causes delay in definitive treatment, delay in obtaining critical care, risk of serious incidents, increased crowding in majors, risk to four hour target. Poorer quality care. Risk of rule 43. Lack of privacy and dignity. Increased staff stress.</p> <p>Design and size of majors causes delay in definitive treatment and medical care. Poor quality care. Lack of privacy and dignity. High number of patient complaints. Risk of deterioration. Difficulty in responding to unwell patient in majors. Risk of adverse media interest. Staff stress. Risk of serious incident. Inability to meet four hour target resulting in patient safety and financial consequences. High number of incidents. Increased staff stress. Infection control risk. Risk of rule 43.</p> <p>Design and size of footprint in paediatrics causes delay in being seen by clinician. Risk of deterioration. Risk of four hour target and local CQUINS. Lack of patient confidentiality. Increased violence and aggression.</p> <p>Design and size of assessment bay causes delay in time to assessment. Paramedics unable to reach turnaround targets. Inability to meet CQUIN targets. Risk of patient deterioration. Delay in diagnosis and treatment. Increased staff stress. Patient complaints. Increased risk of patients being in the corridor on trolleys. Lack of dignity and privacy. Serious incident risk.</p> <p>Design and size of minors results in delay in receiving medical assessment and treatment. Patient complaints. Four hour target. Increased violence and aggression.</p> <p>Design and size footprint in streaming rooms causes threat to CQUIN target and four hour target. Staff stress. Delay in diagnosis and management. Injury to staff and patients. Increased risk of violence and aggression.</p> <p>Design and size of footprint in EDU causes delay in</p>	<p>Patent safety</p> <p>The Emergency Care Action Team, which was established in spring 2013 aims to improve emergency flow and therefore reduce the ED crowding.</p> <p>The Emergency department is actively engaging in plans to increase the ED footprint via the 'hot floor' initiative, but in the shorter term to increase the capacity of assessment bay and resus.</p> <p>The Resus Bed area is being created.</p> <p>Dr Ian Sturges has been employed by the trust to work towards improving flow of patients from the emergency department to the assessment units and wards.</p> <p>Increase in Clinical Education staff, to assist with upskilling of Nursing Staff.</p> <p>Majors Floor has been marked out and numbered to prevent many trolleys from blocking Majors and assessment Bay.</p> <p>Improving quality of care in the ED sessions open to staff, led by ED Consultant.</p> <p>Direct referrals from assessment bay to ambulatory clinic.</p> <p>CAD system went live highlighting number of ambulance patients on route to ED.</p> <p>SOP's completed for all areas.</p> <p>Actions in place from EQSG Emergency Floor actions.</p> <p>New ED floor working stream.</p> <p>Quality metric audits.</p> <p>Escalation plans.</p>	<p>Extreme</p> <p>Almost certain</p>	<p>25</p>	<p>New ED plus associated hot floor rebuild approved by the trust and OBC (Outline Business Case) submitted and first phase of construction of new ED due 31/12/15. Update - Full business case signed by trust board and approved by NTDA.</p> <p>Patients in ED referred to any service should be reviewed by respective services in ED - (update - surgeons & ACB review resus pts, ongoing work with ortho) - Completed (Update from KA - this was completed following the Sturgess report. All specialities were made aware during the project completed by Ian Sturgess - Report attached in documents field for info).</p> <p>There is to be a receptionist staffing paed reception at all times - Completed.</p> <p>Creation of "single front door" (UCC handed over to UHL in Nov 2015) - Completed.</p> <p>The number of toilets in majors is to be increased to 2 and shower facilities are to be installed - Completed.</p> <p>Side rooms 2 and 3 are to be converted into formal assessment bays - Completed.</p> <p>3 additional phone lines to be installed in assessment bay - Completed.</p> <p>The trips and falls hazard in children's ED is to be removed by changing the layout of the minors work area - Completed.</p> <p>See and treat rooms being made into extra Paeds bays - Completed.</p> <p>Allocated nurse (and doctor when numbers permit), for patients placed in Majors middle - Completed.</p> <p>Resus space to be increased to 8 bays - Completed.</p> <p>The resus viewing room is to be made into a fully equipped resus bay - Completed.</p> <p>Bays to be allocated and staffed appropriately in majors to act as resus step-down bays for when space in resus is at a premium and some patients are well enough to be moved to majors with the appropriate level of observation - Completed.</p>	<p>16</p>	JDX		

Risk ID	Specialty	CMG	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score Likelihood	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
					accessing mental health assessment. Four hour target. Lack of patient confidentiality. Increased violence and aggression, lack of dignity and privacy. Poorer quality care. Increased staff stress.					Hourly Intentional Rounds by Area Nurse - Completed. Traffic light system to ED doors awaiting commissioning following a visit to Addenbrookes - completed. Creation of SOP for resus crowding - due 18/01/2015. Assessment Bay SOP - Completed.		

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Likelihood	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
Z334	ED Emergency and Specialist Medicine	There is a medical staffing shortfall resulting in a risk of an understaffed Emergency Department impacting on patient care	31/12/2015 10/04/2013	<p>Causes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Consultant vacancies and non ED medical consultants. □ Middle grade vacancies. Due to a National Shortage of available trainees. Trainee attrition. Trainees not wanting to apply for consultant positions. Reduced cohesiveness as a trainee group. Junior grade vacancies. Juniors defecting to other specialties. Paediatric medical staffing. <p>Consequences:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Poor quality care. Lack of retention. Stress, poor morale and staff burnout. Increased sickness absence. Increased clinical incidents (SUI's), claims and complaints. Inability to do the general work of the department, including breaches of 4 hour target. Financial impacts from fines. Reduced ability to maintain CPD commitments for consultants/medical staff with subspeciality interest. Reduced ability to train and supervise junior doctors. Deskilling of consultants without subspeciality interest. Suboptimal training. 	Patient safety	<p>The chief executive and medical director have met with senior trainees in Leicester ED to invite them to apply for consultant positions.</p> <p>The East Midlands Local Education and training board has recognised middle grade shortages as a workforce issue and has set up several projects aiming to attract and retain emergency medicine trainees and consultants.</p> <p>Advanced nurse practitioners and non-training CT1 grades have been employed in order to backfill the shortage of SHO grade junior doctors.</p> <p>There has been shared teaching sessions in which non ED consultants and ED consultants have shared skills.</p> <p>Locums receive a brief shop floor induction on arrival and also must sign the green locum induction book, which introduces trust policies such as hand hygiene.</p> <p>ED employs medical registrars to work night shifts in ED 7 days per week to improve senior middle grade cover.</p> <p>ED consultants have extended their shop-floor hours from 23:00 - 01:00, 7 days per week.</p> <p>ED employs locum medical consultants to improve senior decision making during times of peak flow. i.e. evening and weekends.</p> <p>ED has employed several well performing Locums on 3 month fixed term contracts.</p> <p>ED has employed overseas doctors at specialty and trust grade level on short fixed term contracts (6 to 12 months)</p> <p>Trust offers current consultants a retention fee for three years commitment.</p>	Major	20	<p>Deanery report actions, completed.</p> <p>Guidelines to be created governing minimum standards of locum doctor approval completed.</p> <p>An internal induction document to be produced for locum grade doctors, completed.</p> <p>Review of shift vs rota and the required number of juniors per shift, completed.</p> <p>Doctor In Induction' badges have now been ordered to distinguish staff who cannot yet make decisions, completed.</p> <p>New rota for August 2014 juniors with higher number of doctors at CT3 level. Although there are still gaps at the Senior Registrar levels ST4 and above, completed.</p> <p>R & R Package to be relaunched, completed.</p> <p>Increase Locum Rates of pay - update, refused by trust board, completed.</p> <p>Continue recruitment to pillar strategy - due 31/01/2016.</p> <p>Continuation of International Recruitment - due 31/01/2016.</p> <p>R & R for ST3 staff with a 2yr contract until July 15 with review & CESR programme in house to attract staff - due 31/01/2016 (update on 13/10/2015 from RW. CESR Interviews on 03/11/15)</p>	6	BTD	

Risk ID	Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2333	Anaesthesia ITAPS	Lack of paediatric cardiac anaesthetists to maintain a WTD compliant rota leading to interruptions in service provision	31/12/2015 17/04/2014	<p>Causes: Retirement of previous consultants Ill health of consultant Lack of applicants to replace substantively</p> <p>Consequences: Need for remaining paed anaesthetists to work a 1:2 rota on-call Lack of resilience puts cardiac workload at risk May adversely affect the national reputation of GGH as a centre of excellence Current rota non complaint Working Time Directive (WTD) Patients requiring urgent paed surgery may be at risk of having to be transferred to other centres Income stream relating to paed cardiac surgery may be subsequently affected Risk of suboptimal patient treatment resulting in harm.</p>	Quality	1:2 rota covered by experience colleagues 12 month locum appointed	Major	20	Due to no suitable applicants for substantive or locum Consultant posts which have been advertised twice a Specialist post is to be advertised and converted to locum Consultant for appropriate candidate - 31/01/16.	8	DTR
2415	Critical Care ITAPS	There is a risk of loss of ITU facilities at the LGH resulting in a lack of Consultant cover for the Service	30/12/2015 09/09/2014	<p>Causes: Trust strategy is to move services to LRI & GH to create centres of excellence and improve services.</p> <p>Consequences: There will be a loss of Consultant cover, services and capacity at the LGH ITU due to: - Planned move of services from the LGH site makes the recruitment of new Consultant Intensivists difficult - Impending retirement of some current Consultant Intensivists - Lack of Consultant cover reduces ability for other specialties (i.e. Urology/Renal/General Surgery/HPB) to undertake planned and emergency major surgery. - Crucial to now downgrade surgery at the LGH site. Management of some patient groups could be directed to the LRI site adding additional pressure to the emergency flow at LRI. - Move to a 1:8 rotas may add to further Consultant departures.</p>	HR	Cross site cover from current Consultant workforce Recruitment campaign in progress Acting down on shifts to cover rotas deficits ITAPs leading change of ITU level and service moves across to the other 2 sites. Staff briefings to share plans and strategies.	Major	20	Commence Recruitment campaign for one Consultant Intensivist 30/12/15. 2. Cross site cover - Completed 3. Move to a 1:8 rota - Completed 4. Offer on call rota to general duties anaesthetists - Completed 5. ITAPs management team to work with the Trusts Strategy leads and specialty leads to start to plan timescale's, scope movement of services from the LGH site and scope required environmental and workforce impacts. 30/12/15 Recruit Consultant Intensivist - Reviewed 01/09/15 - On hold currently for 2 months whilst review rotas.	2	CAL

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
510	Blood Transfusion Clinical Support and Imaging	There is a risk of staff shortages impacting on the Blood Transfusion Service at UHL	30/12/2015 06/10/2006	<p>Causes:</p> <p>Staffing issues caused by turnover of staff (retirements / leavers).</p> <p>Post planning process poor - local and national shortages of qualified staff (BMS).</p> <p>Internal recruitment processes causing significant delay.</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>Possibility of temporary closure of satellite blood banks (LGH).</p> <p>Adverse impact on patient experience for patients requiring urgent transfusion (out of hours).</p> <p>Non-delivery of key acute services.</p> <p>Increased risk of claim /complaint.</p> <p>Adverse media attention / loss of reputation.</p> <p>Staff working extra shifts and more hours - fatigue;stress; non compliance with EWTD</p>	HR	<p>Full 24/7 rota implemented. Voluntary rota for spare sessions - sickness leave etc.</p> <p>Full rota has created additional sessions as satellite laboratories to comply with 24/7 working.</p> <p>Associate practitioners included in early and late roster sessions</p> <p>Associate practitioners to cover entire night at LRI</p> <p>Phased extended contractual hours 8 to 8 B.S & B.Transfusion</p> <p>Phased extended day B Transfusion to 23:00</p> <p>Employed Bank/Locum BMS staff to cover short term deficiencies in rota</p> <p>Investigate additional lean working options to reduce pressure on laboratory staff.</p> <p>Introduced a forced rota</p> <p>Multi discipline staff to assist cover overnight</p> <p>B.S(24/7) at LRI</p> <p>Retrained Lab Manager</p> <p>One-off training</p> <p>Risk assessed the process of a "Plan B"</p> <p>24/7 Rotas with voluntary sessions in place from May 2012</p> <p>2 new BMS band 5 staff recruited 24/09/2012 - to complete local competency training Feb 2013</p> <p>Introduction of cross cover form NUH to support UHL</p> <p>BT Roster - limited cover at present (Oct 2013)</p> <p>Numerous meetings taken place with empathy management team to raise acute risk of service failure (August 2013 to Jan 2014 & ongoing).</p> <p>Approval in principle agreed to replace vacancies and also create 12 month secondment role to band 8a for additional managerial support. Also to consolidate 3 x band 5 bank staff into fixed term contracts.</p>	Extreme	20	<p>Arrange full trial of DRP 31/12/15</p> <p>Staff recruitment/replacement to appropriate levels - 2nd phase plus further replacements + cross training of staff - 31/12/15</p>	15	AFF

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2694	Cellular Pathology Clinical Support and Imaging	There is a risk of failure of delivering Breast Histopathology Services due to unplanned Consultant Pathologist sickness absence	31/12/2015 22/09/2015	<p>Causes:</p> <p>Staff shortages - 3 out of 4 Consultant Histopathologists on long term sick leave at date of RA (one for >1 year).</p> <p>Increased workload with no additional staff resource - general 'creep' of work due to age extension of National Breast Cancer Screening program in 2013.</p> <p>data collected by the breast pathologists indicates that workload, measured as specimens/month has increased 17% in this time. Glenfield remains the largest Breast Cancer Unit in England with 800 cancers/year.</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>Staff morale</p> <p>Fatigue errors, incidents and failure to meet TAT's for diagnostic biopsies required to meet national Cancer Pathway targets.</p> <p>Remaining breast pathologist has had to stop reporting specimens of other pathology types, becoming a mono-specialist' reduced reporting capacity within other specialist teams 'similar knock on effects to consultants and quality of service provision in these teams.</p>	HR	<p>Staffing - Use of external pathology provider to process and report less urgent treatment resection specimens and enable remaining pathologist to concentrate on diagnostic specimens that remain at UHL. This option has cost and reputation consequences for empath.</p> <p>Other options have been extensively investigated via a Breast Service Resilience Action Plan. There are a number of options that will be beneficial in the medium to long term but none that offer an immediate increase in reporting capacity for the breast service.</p>	Major	20	Review operation of breast team with particular emphasis on improving the training of junior pathologists to provide short term support for consultants and long term recruitment options 02/01/2016	4	MLANG

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Likelihood	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2391	Women's and Children's	There is a risk of inadequate numbers of Junior Doctors to support the clinical services within Gynaecology & Obstetrics	31/12/2015 24/06/2014	<p>Causes: Currently there are not enough Junior Doctors on the rota to provide adequate clinical cover and service commitments within the specialties of Gynaecology & Obstetrics.</p> <p>Consequences: Failure to meet the Junior Drs training needs in accordance with the LETB requirements. Impact on key objectives and delivery of service. Potential to lose Junior Drs training within the CMG. Reduced training opportunities and inconsistencies in placements. Increased risk of Junior Doctors seeing complex patients in clinics unsupervised. On call rota gaps/ Increased requirement for locums to fill gaps. Potential for LETB to remove training accreditation within obstetrics and gynaecology. This will lead to the removal of training posts. Increased potential for mismanagement / delay in patients treatment/pathway.</p>	Patient safety	Locums used where available. Specialist Nurses being used to cover the services where possible and appropriate.	Major	20	Almost certain	Business Case to be developed re. how to meet service commitments by backfilling with Consultants, Specialist Nurses, etc due 29/12/2015	8	ACURR
1042	Maternity Women's and Children's	Unavailability of USS and not meeting National Standards for USS in Maternity	31/12/2015 10/10/2008	<p>Failure to diagnose abnormality which we would normally expect to diagnose due to changes in National standards. The potential for other consequences are apparent.</p>	Quality	<p>Detailed scan pro-forma US performed by suitable trained staff Self audit Use of regular pre-booked agency sonographers Daily review of outstanding requests to monitor the situation Access to consultants for second opinion if suspicious re possible abnormality All ultrasound machines now of suitable specification and replaced 5 yearly Incident report forms</p> <p>Update 18.10.12 Continued use of Agency Sonographers; Continued 'extra' lists by Fetal Med Consultants; Additional u/s machine in place but next step is need for additional scan room - this is built in to the interim solution for Maternity (phase 1) and should be converted by April 2013.</p>	Major	20	Almost certain	<p>2 midwives to undertake 18 month scanning training Due 31/12/2015 Consultant to undertake growth and reduced fetal movement scans on MAU Due 31/12/2015</p>	9	LHAR

Specialty CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score Likelihood	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2667 Women's and Children's	Emergency Buzzer & Call Bell not audible clearly on Delivery Suite which could result in MDT being delayed to an emergency	24/12/2015 10/01/2015	<p>Cause: System not able to be repaired as now obsolete - so parts are no longer available.</p> <p>Consequences: When an emergency arises the team may not be aware, causing a delay in the response. This could result in a delay in Medical & Midwifery staff responding to such emergency situations as: Fetal Distress Post Partum Haemorrhage Maternal and/or Neonatal collapse Shoulder Dystocia Eclamptic Fits etc. Such delays could potentially lead to a catastrophic outcome with regards to mother and baby.</p>	Quality	All staff are aware and reminded at the commencement of each shift to be extra vigilant.	Extreme	20 Likely	Escalate to Nigel Bond - Due 24/12/2015 Formulate a business case to the Management Team to replace the call bell system - Due 24/12/2015	5	ABUC
2653 Women's and Children's	There is a risk of spread of infection due to inadequate levels of cleaning on the Neonatal Unit (NNU) at LRI.	30/01/2016 06/09/2015	<p>Causes Reduction in the number of domestic (cleaning) hours by 4 hours PER DAY provided for the NNU, a very high risk area.</p> <p>Consequences 1.Unable to maintain an acceptable standard of cleanliness on NNU affecting quality and safety of babies care. 2.Breach of national specifications for cleanliness in the NHS. 3.Risk of infection outbreak on NNU resulting in increased mortality and morbidity of babies. 4.Risk of damage to NNU and Trust reputation and possible litigation.</p>	Patient safety	Daily meetings with Interserve from May 18th to review standards of cleanliness. Weekly ServiceTrack audits to be undertaken with Facilities and Infection prevention team.	Major	20 Almost certain	Reinstate cleaning hours to level to meet National Cleaning Standards - 31/01/2016	6	JFO

Risk ID	Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2562	Paediatrics Women's and Children's	There is a risk that 2 vacant consultant paediatric neurology vacancies could impact sustainability of the service	31/12/2015 18/06/2015	<p>Causes:</p> <p>National shortage of suitable candidates to fill vacant posts Substantive Consultant Staffing levels inadequate for continuity of service</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>Delayed access to Consultant Paediatric Neurologist for inpatient & outpatient consultations. Loss of continuity for patients, families and Consultants as a result of changing workforce. Potential for a negative reputation of the service.</p>	Quality	We have 1 substantive appointment, 1 locum for 6 months and 1 Consultant General Paediatrician with an interest in Neurology on a 12 month NHS contract covered by Locum Agency and NHS fixed term contracts.	Major	20	Actively recruit to vacant posts - Due 31/12/2015 Guideline being written for General Paediatricians to ensure appropriate in-patient & out-patient referrals - Due 31/12/2015 To work with NUH on a regional solution to service delivery - Due 31/12/2015	4	JVI
2403	IF&P Corporate Nursing	There is a risk changes in the organisational structure will adversely affect water management arrangements in UHL	14/11/2015 19/08/2014	<p>Causes</p> <p>National guidance from the Health and Safety Executive advise that water management should fall under the auspices of hospital infection Prevention (IP) teams. Resources are not available within the UHL IP team to facilitate the above. Lack of clarity in UHL water management policy/plan. Since the award of the Facilities Management contract to Interserve the previous assurance structure for water management has been removed and a suitable replacement has not yet been implemented.</p> <p>Consequences</p> <p>Resources not identified at local (i.e. ward/ CMG) or corporate (e.g. Interserve /IPC) level to perform flushing of water outlets leading to infection risks, including legionella pneumophila and pseudomonas aeruginosa to patients, staff and visitors from contaminated water. Non-compliance with national standards and breeches in statutory duty including financial penalty and/or prosecution of the Chief Executive by the HSE Adverse publicity and damage to reputation of the Trust and loss of public confidence Loss/interruption to service due to water contamination Potential for increase in complaints and litigation cases</p>	Quality	Instruction re: the flushing of infrequently used outlets is incorporated into the Mandatory Infection Prevention training package for all clinical staff. Infection Prevention inbox receives all positive water microbiological test results and an IPN daily reviews this inbox and informs affected areas. This is to communicate/enable affected wards/depts to ensure Interserve is taking necessary corrective actions. Flushing of infrequently used outlets is part of the Interserve contract with UHL and this should be immediately reviewed to ensure this is being delivered by Interserve All Heads of Nursing have been advised through the Nursing Executive Team and via the widely communicated National Trust Development Action Plan (following their IP inspection visit in Dec 2013) that they must ensure that their wards and depts are keeping records of all flushing undertaken and this must be widely communicated Monitoring of flushing records has been incorporated into the CMG Infection Prevention Toolkit (reviewed monthly) and the Ward Review Tool (reviewed quarterly)	Major	20	Submit business case for additional funding to provide sufficient resource to either the IP team or NHS Horizons to enable the trust to carry out the requirements of the statutory and regulatory documents, with potential for full introduction and management of the "compass" system. - Funding for additional IPN agreed with FMS. Job description to be finally agreed and recruitment to commence during September 2015 - 14/11/15 Review procedures and practices in other Trusts to ensure that UHL is reaching normative standards of practice - 14/11/15 Review & agree Water Safety Plan - Water Safety Plan agreed and will be submitted to the Trust Infection Prevention Committee with the Implementation Plan on the 23rd Sept 2015 - 14/11/15	4	LCOI

Risk ID	Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2404	Corporate Nursing	There is a risk that inadequate management of Vascular Access Devices could result in increased morbidity and mortality	14/11/2015 19/08/2014	<p>Causes</p> <p>There is currently no process for identifying patients with a centrally placed vascular access (CVAD) device within the trust.</p> <p>Lack of compliance with evidence based care bundles identified in areas where staff are not experienced in the management of CVAD's.</p> <p>There are no processes in place to assess staff competency during insertion and ongoing care of vascular access devices.</p> <p>Inconsistent compliance with existing policies.</p> <p>Consequences</p> <p>Increased morbidity, mortality, length of stay, cost of additional treatment non-compliance with epic-3 guidelines 2014, non-compliance with criteria 1, 6 and 9 of the Health and Social Care Act 2010 and non-compliance with UHL policy B13/2010 revised Sept 2013, and UHL Guideline B33/2010 2010, non-compliance with MRSA action plan report on outcomes of root cause analyses submitted to commissioners twice yearly</p>	Quality	Policies are in place to minimise the risk to patients.	Major	20	<p>CVAD's identified on Nerve Centre - This is not possible so there remains no method of centrally identifying patients with these devices. For further discussion by the Vascular Access Committee - 14/11/15.</p> <p>Development of an education programme relating to on-going care of CVAD's - 14/11/15.</p> <p>Targeted surveillance in areas where low compliance identified via trust CVC audit - Yet to be established due to lack of staff required. For further review by the Vascular Access Committee - 14/11/15.</p> <p>Support the recommendations of the Vascular Access Committee action plans to increase the Vascular Access Team within the Trust in line with other organisations. Business Case to be submitted Sept by the CSI CMG 14/11/15.</p>	8	LCOL

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Likelihood	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2471	CHUGS	There is a risk of Radiotherapy Tx on the Linac (Bosworth) being compromised due to poor Imaging capability of the machine.	31/03/2016 12/03/2014	<p>Causes:</p> <p>Poor quality images due to deterioration of the imaging panel make it difficult and occasionally impossible to compare planned and set-up positions using the acquired images. This could lead to a geographic miss i.e. incorrect area treated.</p> <p>Unavailability of online correction capability may result in acquisition of several high dose images in order to safely correct and check patient position. These high dose images are used since the ageing technology available on this machine does not support good quality low dose kilovoltage imaging.</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>Dependent upon dose and fractionation this could result in a significant amount of the intended dose being delivered to the wrong area with significant damage to the patient resulting in a reportable incident.</p> <p>Repeated high dose imaging due to deteriorating MV imaging panel increases the risk of exceeding current dose limits.</p> <p>If kV or cone beam imaging is required, patients will need transferring from Bosworth to Varian machines. This transfer process will entail patients missing treatment days to give staff time to produce back-up plans that are labour intensive.</p> <p>There is a risk of increasing waiting times leading to potential breaches in cancer waiting time targets since all complex treatments requiring advanced imaging cannot be performed on Bosworth.</p> <p>Restricted participation in National Clinical Trials, due to lack of current imaging technologies such as cone beam CT.</p>	Quality	<p>Increase in imaging dose (up to 10 MU) to produce a usable image. This however restricts the number of times an image may be repeated (due to dose limits). N.B imaging dose of 1MU is used on the Varian treatment machines.</p> <p>Pre-selection of patients with a reduced imaging requirement are booked on Bosworth. However this list is getting fewer and fewer due to best practice and national guidelines.</p> <p>We have introduced long day working on Varian machines to absorb patients that cannot be treated on Bosworth due to imaging limitations</p> <p>Clear Set-Up instructions plus photographs are provided to treatment staff to aid set-up. These do not fully eliminate the risk due to variable patient stability and condition hence the need for on-treatment imaging.</p>	Major	16	Likely	<p>Replacement of Imaging panel to improve image quality and reduce imaging dose. However this does not solve the lack of online correction capability - complete</p> <p>Replacement of Linac - 31/3/16</p>	4	LWI

Risk ID	Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Likelihood	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2671	Gastroenterology	There is a risk of delays to patients treatment in the Endoscopy Unit	31/12/2015 10/12/2015	<p>Causes:</p> <p>Increase in referrals and workload through to Endoscopy; Inexperienced staff that have not had appropriate training and supervision; Vacancies in nursing and administration; Poor administration processes and unorganised working environment within the administration area (LGH); Backlog of patients on the Endoscopy Unit.</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>Referrals could go missing which may mean patients do not receive their procedure in a timely manner and a risk of harm due to delayed diagnosis; Lack of training and supervision means that staff are not following correct procedures to ensure that the waiting list is not an accurate reflection of numbers of patients waiting; Not meeting the RTT and Cancer targets; Vacancies within the nursing establishment mean that the staff are over stretched which means processes are not followed correctly and could result in staff psychological harm.</p>	Patient safety	<p>Matron appointed specifically to focus on nursing recruitment and management in Endoscopy only; Staffing model developed in line with neighbouring private & NHS providers and monitored by Matron. Waiting list management - patients now transferred to the active diagnostic waiting list 6 weeks after their due date (grace period as advised by TDA). Vacancies filled within the administration teams (either permanent or through bank). Weekly scheduling meetings with Sister/Deputy, Service Manager and A&C supervisor to ensure all lists are appropriately filled and to plan staffing levels for following week to reduce cancelled ops. 2WW patients offered an appointment by phone. Currently all other patients are sent an appointment with appropriate lead in time of three weeks. Endoscopy Manager has been appointed to review and change the clinical and administration processes within department; The administration area at the LGH has been cleared and there is senior presence on each of the three sites to supervise the staff; Administration SOP's developed to support the administration processes. Admin team time out afternoon to resolve problems and potential solutions and increase engagement. All staff to be reminded of their individual responsibility to follow Trust policy on incident reporting where they consider harm has occurred due to delay to patient treatment.</p>	Major	Likely	16	<p>To centralise the booking and telephone systems to one site for appointments for the GH and LRI Endoscopy Units - complete</p> <p>Additional activity being undertaken, (external , internal) - due 31/12/15:</p> <p>"Medinet - capacity for 300 cases in November. Circle - c.120 patients transferred in October. Nuffield - capacity for 20 cases in November. Internal UHL (Sundays) - 80 cases in November. Medinet lists hosted by Alliance - 40 cases in November. Your World Doctors - 20 cases in October. Exploring additional capacity in November. UHL has signed up to the national PMO agreement to outsource activity. However no additional capacity supplied through that route. PMO requesting weekly returns of activity outsourced to the IS via other routes."</p> <p>External support from NHSIQ (visit on 29/09/15) - awaiting report and recommendations which will focus on Endoscopy and rapid change cycles - review 31/12/15.</p> <p>IST visit in October - specific focus on capacity and demand processes with Endoscopy unit -- awaiting report and recommendations - review 31/12/15.</p> <p>Admin team time out action plan - completed.</p> <p>Advertise for nursing posts via central recruitment - meaning 2nd room at the LGH becomes more operational - due 31/12/15.</p> <p>Clinical lead to review patients not on follow up surveillance to see if appropriate for another investigation, potential to release endoscopy capacity - 31/12/15.</p>	6	MNA

Risk ID	Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2621	General Surgery	There is a risk to patient safety & quality due to high nurse vacancy levels on Ward 22, LRI	30/11/2015 20/10/2015	<p>Causes:</p> <p>During the last 6 months 7 nurses have left and 3 nurses have reduced their hours.</p> <p>Due to the high level of acuity of the patients and the number of daily ITU discharges at least 2-3 per day, it is difficult to get staff to work on the area from the nursing bank and agency.</p> <p>The levels of vacancies are 8 wte band 5. There are currently no nurses waiting to start as the recent international nurses 2.0 wte only stayed for 3 shifts due to the acuity of the area.</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>There is a risk to patient safety and quality due to the high nurse vacancy levels on ward 22, LRI and an increase in acuity due to the high levels of ITU discharges.</p> <p>Further impacts could include staff injury (stress), expense due to agency shifts.</p>	Patient safety	<p>Shifts escalated to bank and agency at an early stage;</p> <p>Increased the numbers of band 6's to provide leadership support.</p> <p>Agency contract in place for one nurse on day shift and night shift to increase nursing numbers.</p> <p>Staffing is reviewed on a day by day basis and staff are moved across the CMG to support the ward as required.</p> <p>Matron to work clinically on the ward for 2 days a week to provide support and increase nursing numbers.</p> <p>Matron to ensure daily matron ward rounds for leadership/ increased monitoring of care standards/accessibility to patients/relatives to discuss any concerns.</p>	Major	16	<p>Implement rotational shifts for staff across other surgical/GI med wards to increase attractiveness to staff - 30/11/15</p> <p>Recruit via next cohort of international nurses and redirect 2.0 wte to ward 22 - 31/12/15</p>	6	KJO
2422	General Surgery	There is a risk nurse staffing levels on SAU LRI could adversely impact the quality of patient care delivered	30/11/2015 29/09/2014	<p>Causes:</p> <p>The nurse staffing levels within the Surgical Assessment Unit at the LRI are at a critical level with poor retention of staff. Of the recruitment of 6 International nurses, 2 newly qualified nurses and a development band 6 nurse - 7 of these nurses have left or are leaving reporting high workload as the reason.</p> <p>Due to it being a busy, high activity area - it is difficult to get staff to work on the area from the nursing bank and agency.</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>Poor quality of care to patients including increasing patient harms, delays for treatment/care.</p> <p>High levels of complaints for the ward (seven complaints over the past 6 months).</p> <p>Poor Patient Experience (The Friends and Family Test score has been consistently low. (<55).</p>	Patient safety	<p>Shifts escalated to bank and agency at an early stage.</p> <p>Increased the numbers of Band 6's to provide leadership support.</p> <p>Agency contract in place for one nurse on day shift and night shift to increase nursing numbers.</p>	Major	16	<p>Continue to actively recruit to the area - 30/11/15.</p> <p>Review and continue agency contract until substantive numbers are at an acceptable level - 30/11/15.</p>	4	GK

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2623	Urology	There is a risk of harm or death to a patient if scopes are not properly decontaminated.	30/12/2015 21/09/2015	<p>Causes: We have not been able to determine the cause of the problem i.e. is it the reverse osmosis machine or the water supply that is at fault, therefore the problem is not fixed.</p> <p>We have not yet had a definitive advice with which the clinical team can perform a full risk assessment from the IP team and therefore have continued to use the equipment. We do however have a definitive statement on the risk in terms of UHL/IP policy (the Red Flag system).</p> <p>Consequences: The risk is that we cause harm or death to a patient if scopes are not properly decontaminated. If we remove the washers from service we will heavily impact patient outcomes, cancer and non-admitted pathways. There is a danger of causing infection and thus harm/cause death to a patient by using infected scopes. We continue to run a risk - as above - the problem remains unresolved.</p>	Patient safety	UHL/IP policy (the Red Flag system) TVC Count is being checked regularly and discussions with theatres/endoscopy re use of their washers; medical staff informed prior to use.	Major	16 Likely	UHL Exec to agree long-term solution and funding thereof as appropriate - 31/12/15 SOP also to be agreed - 31/12/15 Emergency medical capital bid to be completed - 31/12/15	2	LDAL

Speciality CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact Likelihood	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
RRC 2617	Shortfall in appropriately skilled nursing staff at Northamptons renal units	31/12/2015 10/09/2015	<p>Consequences:</p> <p>Reduced ability to respond to routine patient needs in timely manner</p> <p>Overall reduced patient experience due to increased waiting times</p> <p>Increased waiting times to commence and terminate HD affecting flow through the unit</p> <p>Reduced ability to respond in an emergency situation</p> <p>Increased potential for clinical incidents</p> <p>Potential delays in administration of medicines required during haemodialysis</p> <p>Patients will recognise skill deficit and potentially loose confidence in care delivery affecting reputation.</p> <p>Potential risk of staff not being able to be released for mandatory/other training affecting competency.</p> <p>Potential risk of losing Nocturnal Dialysis affecting clinical outcomes.</p> <p>Increased staff sickness/absence due to increased pressures within the workplace</p> <p>Potential difficulties in releasing ward sister/matron for essential management responsibilities including appraisal</p> <p>Reduced staff morale - Thus increasing risk of staff leaving</p> <p>Risk of rise in clinical incidents / complaints / litigation</p> <p>Risk of rise in complaints</p> <p>Risk of reduced public confidence & subsequent media attention</p> <p>Reliance on overtime, agency and bank will impact adversely on the Trust's financial position and delays or poor quality may negatively impact Trust reputation.</p> <p>Risk of UHL losing Nocturnal HD which has attracted national attention and nominations for Innovation Awards</p> <p>Potential loss of future Research Grant funds that would include large amounts of NHS treatment costs including an entire Consultant salary</p>	Patient safety	<p>Core of appropriately skilled, competent and experienced staff</p> <p>Supporting policies and guidelines for clinical practice</p> <p>NMC code of professional conduct</p> <p>NMC Standards for Medicines Management</p> <p>Offering additional hours and overtime when required to meet minimum staffing</p> <p>Minimum suitable staffing requirements, in line with BRS staffing guidelines.</p> <p>CQC Registration completed recruitment & compliance with N/P ratios by September 2015 - declared compliant</p> <p>Regular communication with current staff to keep all updated with plans to support staffing</p> <p>Risk communicated to senior management by Conference call 13/8/15.</p> <p>Consideration to closing slots as they are vacated.</p> <p>Redeploy staff to support as able however there are limited options due to geographical area and unfamiliar HD machines are used in Northamptonshire.</p> <p>Matron/Sisters to work clinically on units as often as possible.</p>	Major	16	<p>Hold a time out day with HD matrons to review approach to staffing unit - complete</p> <p>Regular communication with current staff to keep all updated with plans to support staffing - complete</p> <p>Consider closing the night shift recognising that some patients may need to move to other units for HD. - complete</p> <p>Consider closing slots as they are vacated - complete</p> <p>Redeploy staff to support as able however there are limited options due to geographical area and unfamiliar HD machines are used in Northamptonshire. - complete</p> <p>Matron/Sisters to work clinically on units as often as possible - complete</p> <p>Present business paper to revenue and recruitment committee in Nov 2015 for funding to increase WTE establishment - Linked to piece of work to undertake a review of staffing in HD units in other networks, including visiting and literature review - 30/12/15</p> <p>Advertise vacancies & recruit promptly. Consider any previous candidates. Acknowledge that the timeframe for getting staff into post is 3/12 - due 31/12/15</p> <p>Recruit substantively into maternity leave posts as low risk. - complete</p> <p>Utilise recruitment at LGH HD unit to support Northants - complete</p> <p>Enlist support of HR in processing recruitment once agreed - 31.12.15</p>	8	SM

Speciality CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact Likelihood	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2509 Cardiac Rehabilitation	Risks to the quality of Patient Cardiac Rehabilitation individual assessments due to new clinic location in LRI	31/12/2015 09/09/2015	<p>Consequences:</p> <p>Potential for patient injury, poor experience and increased waiting times because the service is unable to carry out the full comprehensive assessment as shuttle walking tests are not being completed.</p> <p>Risk of staff members injuring themselves and requiring time off work because of the requirement to transport some patients from Balmoral main entrance, whilst building work is in place.</p> <p>Verbal complaints received from patients concerned about the service they receive.</p> <p>Limited availability of shuttle walking tests at the LRI is affecting the compliance with national guidelines and standards. British Association for Cardiac Prevention and Rehabilitation (BACPR) recommend patients offered the opportunity to begin cardiac rehab programme within two weeks from discharge (as 30/4/15 this is in the region of 15 weeks in UHL).</p> <p>Evidence demonstrates that the longer a patient waits for cardiac rehab the greater the risk that they will readmit or completely disengage from the program affecting tariff.</p> <p>Potential for adverse publicity impacting on the services excellent national reputation.</p>	Quality	<p>Cardiac patients who are invited to the cardiac rehabilitation clinic have a clinical diagnosis of Myocardial infarction, PCI+/- stent (s), unstable angina, angina, valve disease, heart failure, CABG/valve surgery and congenital surgery.</p> <p>Cardiac Rehab staff triage patients prior to booking clinic appointments to assign to an alternative site (LGH/GGH) if shuttle test is required on a temporary basis, however this is having an impact on the service at the LGH and GGH with increased waiting times.</p> <p>A wheelchair must be kept in the CR Dept at ALL times in case of the need to transfer a patient.</p> <p>Emergency equipment in place (cardiac arrest trolley, BM boxes).</p> <p>Ensure all patients attending the LRI site for assessment are aware of potential wait for ambulance pick up particularly patients with diabetes so that they can bring a snack & drink if needed, etc.</p> <p>Ensure patients are informed to bring their medications to avoid any delays in having their prescribed medications in the event of a delay in ambulance pick up.</p>	Major Likely	16	<p>Review and develop case of need for alternative to shuttle walking test - chester step - 31/12/15</p> <p>Work through the relocation process with the UHL Space Utilisation Group to identify suitable space to be able to carry out shuttle walking tests - 31/03/16</p>	8	SBY
2591 Emergency and Specialist Medicine	Risk of increased demand in diabetes outpatient foot clinic leading to overbooked clinics which over run	31/01/2016 24/08/2015	<p>Causes:</p> <p>Increased volume of patients referred in from primary care needing MDT assessment.</p> <p>Majority of referrals are urgent due to high risk nature of patients.</p> <p>No increase in staffing capacity, therefore clinics are overbooked and over run.</p> <p>Inability to urgently transfer systemically unwell patients to be admitted to ESM due lack of transport.</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>Risk of patient harm (ulceration/amputation/sepsis) due to lack of capacity to see high risk patients urgently.</p> <p>Risk of delays in clinics.</p> <p>Risk of breaching national guidelines.</p> <p>Increasing workload of MDT foot team leading to stress and risk of mistakes.</p> <p>Risk to patients and staff when patients have to wait for transport to LRI when being admitted.</p>	Patient safety	<p>The diabetes foot team follow NICE/FDUK Guidance for treating high risk foot patients</p> <p>Patients are triaged in accordance with LLR Diabetes Foot care Pathway. CCGs aware of increase in referrals from primary care</p> <p>Clinics are consistently over booked to attempt to accommodate increased demand</p> <p>Service review of Foot care undertaken including review of Podiatry SLA</p>	Major Likely	16	<p>Recruitment of Diabetes Specialist Nurse - complete</p> <p>Recruitment of Consultant - complete</p> <p>Additional foot clinic to commence (inc additional podiatry session) - 31/01/16</p> <p>Arrangement to be agreed to access urgent transport (Use of CMG specific ambulance being explored to transfer high risk patients in a timely manner) - 31/01/16</p>	8	JSP1

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Likelihood	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2388	ED Emergency and Specialist Medicine	There is risk of delivering a poor and potentially unsafe service to patients presenting in ED with mental health conditions	31/12/2015 29/10/2014	<p>Causes:</p> <p>An increase of over 20% in ED attendances relating to mental health conditions in the past 5yrs.</p> <p>Inappropriate referrals into the ED of patients with mental health conditions.</p> <p>Limited resources and experience of staff in the ED to manage mental health conditions.</p> <p>The number of security staff has not increased with the increase in patient numbers (and are unable to restrain patients currently- see associated risk).</p> <p>The facilities in which to manage this patient group are inadequate for this patient group as not currently staffed.</p> <p>Poor systems in place between UHL, LPT, Police & EMAS to manage this patient group.</p> <p>High workload issues in the ED overall and overcapacity.</p> <p>National shortage of mental health beds, leading to placement delays for patients requiring in patient mental health beds.</p> <p>CAMHS service is limited. (11/02/2015, several recent SI's highlighted)</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>Potentially vulnerable patients are able to leave the ED and are therefore at risk of coming to harm.</p> <p>There have been incidents reported where patients have been able to self harm whilst in the ED.</p> <p>Patients receive sub optimal care in terms of their mental health needs.</p> <p>Increased and serious incidents reported regarding various aspects of care of mental health patients.</p> <p>Patients' privacy and dignity is adversely affected.</p> <p>Risk of staff physical and mental injury/harm.</p>	Patient safety	<p>Security staff allocated to ED via SLA agreement (can intervene if staff become at risk).</p> <p>Violence & Aggression policy.</p> <p>Staff in ED undergo training with regard to mental health.</p> <p>Staff attend personal awareness training.</p> <p>Mental health pathway and assessment process in place in ED.</p> <p>Mental health triage nurse based in MH assessment area of ED, covering UCC and ED.</p> <p>ED Mental Health Nurse Practitioner employed in ED.</p> <p>Medical lead for mental health identified in ED from Consultant body.</p>	Major	16	Likely	<p>Violence Risk Assessment & Training needs analysis to be completed to identify appropriate training needs- 31/12/2015</p> <p>Urgent review of MH pathway, particularly time in ED - 31/12/2015</p> <p>An external independent investigation into incidents relating to vulnerable children under the care of the CAMHs services - 31/12/2015</p> <p>Place of safety review by concordat, risk of EDU becoming PSAU- 31/12/2015 (Update - recommendations are to be presented to the partnership board in June 2015, meeting arranged for 22/05/2016 with LPT representative. (Update 20 July - ongoing at present. 11/08/15, report being developed for the clinical commissioning board to review and endorse)</p> <p>Mental Health Assessment Area - awaiting confirmation of staffing arrangement by LPT, as not staffed 24/7. Awaiting LPT, to submit business case to commissioners regarding staffing 31/12/15</p>	6	DMI

Risk ID	Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score Likelihood	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
2466	Rheumatology Emergency and Specialist Medicine	There is a risk of Patient harm due to delays in timely review of results and Monitoring in Rheumatology	31/12/2015 12/03/2014	<p>1. <input type="checkbox"/> High Volume of paper results that need daily review by registered Nurse,</p> <p>2. <input type="checkbox"/> There is duplication of results as some patients will have results reported through DAWN database and some patients will not (patients on other immunosuppressant drugs); therefore nurses checking all paper copies</p> <p>3. <input type="checkbox"/> There is a gap in the nursing establishment</p> <p>4. <input type="checkbox"/> Only one person trained to input data on DAWN system; they have given notice and will finish end of November</p> <p>5. <input type="checkbox"/> Insufficient DAWN licences for number of patients required</p> <p>6. <input type="checkbox"/> DAWN is not used in real time by Clinicians</p> <p>Consequences</p> <p>1. <input type="checkbox"/> Risk of patient harm due to late or missed identification of drug toxicity</p> <p>2. <input type="checkbox"/> Risk of patient harm due to delays in decision making and poor communication within the department and with patients and GPs</p> <p>3. <input type="checkbox"/> Risk of breaching national guidelines</p> <p>4. <input type="checkbox"/> Financial impact due to duplication of blood tests</p> <p>5. <input type="checkbox"/> Increasing workload of nurse specialists leading to stress and risk of mistakes</p> <p>6. <input type="checkbox"/> Financial risk from commissioning due to inadequate tracking of compliance and drug monitoring</p>	Patient safety	<p>The Rheumatology Department follows the BSR/BHPR guideline for disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drug (DMARD) therapy in consultation with the British Association of Rheumatologists (2). This stipulates the type and frequency of blood test monitoring, as well as recommendations for actions if results are found to be abnormal.</p> <p>Service management team are negotiating more live patient licences with 4s Systems and more users as well as training requirements.</p> <p>Action plan in place to identify and act on further risks, process review supported by LiA programme. Updated 12.10.15</p> <p>***New matron in post to establish current specialist nursing establishment job plans and skill mix</p> <p>***Long standing spread sheet system remains in place - under review as move towards full DAWN implementation.</p>	Major	16	<p>Site visit and further support from 4s systems requested to identify further monitoring of biologics patients - Complete</p> <p>Every patient on DMARD to be on DAWN system and monitored in real time - 31/12/15</p> <p>Business case for DAWN expansion with further licenses and more users - 31/03/16</p>	GST

Risk ID	Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Likelihood	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2541	Musculoskeletal and Specialist Surgery	There is a risk of reduced theatre & bed capacity at LRI due to increased spinal activity	31/12/2015 27/04/2015	<p>Causes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increased spinal activity Workload exceeds capacity Insufficient theatre capacity Reduced bed capacity Insufficient consultant numbers to operate spinal on call rota Inadequate junior doctor numbers Increased activity from out of areas in line with proposal to be regional spinal service <p>Consequences:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Financial loss through increased LoS Adverse effect on other trauma theatre and bed capacity Inability to take advantage of increased tariff from #NOF BPT due to knock on effect on capacity Increased morbidity Risk to reputation Risk to CT training programme Claims risk Decreased efficiency from increased split site working Insufficient Orthogeriatric cover for increased activity 	Patient safety	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Weekly Monitoring of performance against BPT criteria Monitoring of morbidity at M&M meetings Trauma Coordinator role implemented Cross organisational meetings with commissioners Trauma business case accepted for increased staffing across wards/departments and theatres Trauma unit meeting reinstated 	Major	16	Likely	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agree way forward for regional spinal service - Business case to be presented to R&I Committee - due Dec 2015. Employment of further staff to support the spinal on call rota - completed. Employment and training of further TNPs to bolster junior doctor gaps and facilitate more stable CT training - Kate Machin/Nicola Grant - due May 2018 One TNP post out to advert - due Dec 2015 	8	CSK
2504	Trauma Orthopaedics Musculoskeletal and Specialist Surgery	There is a risk that patients will wait for an unacceptable length of time for trauma surgery resulting in poor patient outcomes	31/12/2015 03/12/2015	<p>Causes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increased spinal activity; workload exceeds capacity; under utilised theatre capacity; insufficient capacity at the weekend; inadequate junior doctor numbers; insufficient Orthogeriatrician input across 7 days; absence / under-provision of senior anaesthetic ward pre-assessment. <p>Consequences:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patient safety and patient experience; financial loss through increased LoS; inability to take advantage of increased tariff from #NOF BPT; increased morbidity; risk to reputation; risk to CT training programme; litigation risk. 	Patient safety	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Weekly monitoring of performance against BPT criteria Monitoring of morbidity at M&M meetings LiA Event taken place to identify problem areas and potential solutions Action plan in place and monitored monthly Trauma Coordinator role implemented Increased Orthogeriatrician Input Mandatory reporting to CQRG Trauma unit meeting reinstated 	Major	16	Likely	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Employment of further staff to support the service across 7 days as per the recent business case - 31/12/15. Employment and training of further TNPs to bolster junior doctor gaps and facilitate more stable CT training - 30/04/18. 	8	CSK

Risk ID	Specialty CMG	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
607	Blood Transfusion Clinical Support and Imaging	Failure of UHL BT to fully comply with BCSH guidance and BSQR in relation to traceability and positive patient identification	31/12/2015 2/21/2006	Consequences: Potential loss of blood bank licence (via MHRA) with severe impact on surgery and transfusion dependent patients served by UHL. Financial penalty for non-compliance due to increased number of inspections Delay in timely supply of blood and blood components for new surgical and transfusion clinic patients. Increased potential for 'Never event' (i.e. wrong transfusion) leading to increased morbidity /mortality. Potential loss of Trust's good reputation via publication of critical reports.	Quality	Policies and procedures in place for correct patient identification and blood/ blood product identification to reduce risk of wrong transfusion. Paper system provides a degree of compliance with the regulations. Training and competency assessment for UHL staff involved in the transfusion process including e-learning and induction training with competency assessment for key staff groups. Regular monitoring and reporting system in relation to blood/ blood product traceability performance within department, to clinical areas and Transfusion Committee.	Major	16	4	AFF
182	General Pathology Clinical Support and Imaging	POCT- Inappropriate patient Management due to inaccurate diagnostic results from Point Of Care Testing (POCT) equipment	01/02/2016 13/05/2005	1. <input type="checkbox"/> Unreliable diagnostic results potentially leading to mismanagement of patients leading to long term effects or death 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Potential for increased incidents, complaints and claims 3. <input type="checkbox"/> Poor patient experience 4. <input type="checkbox"/> Critical reports following visits by inspecting agencies 5. <input type="checkbox"/> Adverse media attention and risk to the reputation of the Trust 6. <input type="checkbox"/> Non Compliance with National Quality standards - CQC and MHRA or aspirational UKAS standard ISO:22870. Accountability: The accountability for managing this risk currently rests with the individual purchasers / users / managers of this equipment. This may not be in the best interests of patients or the trust. This risk is outside the control of the Pathology Service(empath). See notepad for further details of the management of this risk.	Quality	1. Committee for overseeing POCT trust wide is in place , 2.UHL Management of Point of Care Testing (POCT) Devices Policy	Major	16	2	TSCR

Risk ID	Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2487	Medical Physics Clinical Support and Imaging	Maintaining the quality of the Nuclear Medicine service for PET, Cardiac MPI and general diagnostics	31/03/2016 01/06/2015	<p>Causes:</p> <p>The lead clinician in Nuclear Medicine is on long term sick leave. He is the only PET ARSAC certificate holder in the Trust and the clinical lead for the service. The locum covering cardiac MPI is the only other experienced ARSAC certificate holder for MPI studies. His contract ends in Jan 2015. There are other ARSAC certificate holders who cover general Nuclear Medicine and paediatric work. Their time commitment to Nuclear Medicine is severely limited. There is only one Consultant Radiologist currently entitled to report PET images under the national contract. A second is experienced and has retained competence but requires some training and revalidation. There are a number of Consultant Radiologists who report MPI's and general Nuclear Medicine but none eligible or interested in gaining ARSAC certification</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>An ARSAC certificate holder for PET can be "borrowed" under the existing contract but the new contract will require a certificate holder within the Trust. This puts the plans for fixed PETCT at risk.</p> <p>Loss of MPI expertise will have a major impact on the service and on Imaging and MR throughput.</p> <p>Pressures on the consultant body to provide a comprehensive imaging service are high.</p> <p>The risks are that PET and MPI scanning are suspended, impacting on patients and business.</p>	Quality	<p>Imaging rotas re-arranged to increase reporting sessions from other Radiologists</p> <p>Consultants nominated as interim clinical leads - carol Newland and Yvonne Rees</p> <p>Take action to provide clinician cover for ARSAC, reporting and clinical supervision - 30/12/14 completed</p> <p>Undertake clinical review - 30/12/14 completed</p> <p>Produce business case - 1/3/15 - completed</p>	Major	16	Appoint new clinician - 31/03/16	6	DPE

Speciality CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact Likelihood	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2245	Staff vacancies and increased activity within the medical records departments is having an impact on service delivery	31/12/2015 24/10/2013	<p>Consequence (harm / loss event)</p> <p>Deterioration in service provided due to inability to deal with level of medical records requests leading to cancellation of these and failure to provide service.</p> <p>Patients appointments and elective surgery are being cancelled due to records not being available in some clinical areas with a potential adverse impact on patient care.</p> <p>Delays to emergency flow and extension of length of stay due to a lengthened decision making process (due to lack of available clinical information in a timely manner).</p> <p>Increase in daily internal complaints and Datix incidents and external complaints. increase in formal complaints</p> <p>Backlog of cases of 'Access to Health Records' requests, resulting in failure to meet government timescale's for 40 and 25 day targets and consequent reduction in service income.</p> <p>Case notes overcrowding in Library areas creating a health and safety risk, resulting from the inability of remaining staff to keep areas tidy and 'cull' older and deceased notes (these are usually sent offsite or to alternate deeper archive onsite storage areas). Current working areas are now overcrowded and unsafe with overfilled shelves, notes stored in inaccessible and inappropriate areas and on floors, causing trip hazards.</p> <p>Mandatory training compliance is at risk as large numbers of staff become due for training.</p> <p>Increase in staff sickness absence and stress.</p>	HR	<p>Use of A&C bank staff where possible, though very limited in supply.</p> <p>Use of overtime from remaining substantive staff (though dwindling due to length of time during recruitment process; staff are under pressure).</p> <p>Reduction / cancellation of staff attendance at mandatory training (though with clear consequent impact on this Trust deliverable target).</p> <p>Cancellation of non-clinical requests for case notes daily (e.g. audit) to minimise disruption to front line clinical need (though with clear consequent impact on other areas of service delivery).</p> <p>On going urgent recruitment to existing vacancies. A waiting list of suitable applicants has been created to minimise the risk of the current staffing levels reoccurring in the future. Medical records management supporting HRSS by chasing references and other checks.</p> <p>Daily review of staffing levels and management of requests with concentration of staffing in areas of greatest demand and clinical priority.</p>	Major	16	<p>Continuing review of short-term reduction in service for non-clinical requests for case notes located within specialty areas of UHL (records within library areas will continue to be located). 31.12.15.</p> <p>Monitoring and review of need for short-term agency usage (limited bank availability) to make library locations safe - decision not to use agency taken due to cost (Sept 15). Will continue with current plan of using substantive staff at weekends and evenings instead - complete.</p> <p>Continuation of substantive overtime and utilisation of bank staff if available - 31.12.15.</p> <p>Monitoring storage capacity weekly in the libraries - due 31.12.15.</p> <p>Arrange meetings with CMG's to review notes processes to improve availability - started end August 2014 - ongoing will continue to liaise with specialties until problems have been resolved - complete.</p> <p>LIA wave 4 workstream from January 2015 to work with all areas to improve notes availability by reviewing processes and identifying and solving issues that cross cut all areas - due 31.12.15</p>	6	DWAT
2378	There is a risk that Pharmacy workforce capacity could result in reduced staff presence on wards or clinics	31/12/2015 19/06/2014	<p>Causes:</p> <p>High levels of vacancies and sickness</p> <p>High levels of activity</p> <p>Training requirements for newly recruited staff</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>There is a risk that arises because of pharmacy workforce capacity across multiple teams which will result in reduced staff presence on wards or clinics, as well as capacity for core functions. This will result in reduced prescription screening capacity and the ability to intervene to prevent prescribing errors and other medicines governance issues in a number of areas including some high risk.</p>	HR	<p>extra hours being worked by part time staff</p> <p>team leaders involved in increased 'hands' on delivery</p> <p>staff time focused on patient care delivery (project time, meeting attendance reduced)</p> <p>Prioritisation of specific delivery issues e.g. high risk areas and discharge prescriptions, chemo suite</p>	Major	16	<p>All actions complete - Have all reasonable actions been taken to mitigate this risk and consequently could this risk be redced to its target risk rating and closed on the Datix risk register?</p>	8	CELL

Specialty CMG Risk ID	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Current Risk Score Likelihood Impact	Action summary	Risk Owner Target Risk Score
1926 Ultrasound Clinical Support and Imaging	There is a risk that insufficient staffing to manage ultrasound referrals could impact Trust operations and patient safety	31/12/2015 04/10/2012	Causes: Unfilled vacancies, out of hours inpatient lists and an increase in scanning time for nuchal screening Consequences: Patients waiting much longer for Imaging tests May affect ED 4 hour targets Negative effect on internal standard turnaround times for inpatients Further effect is to contribute towards Trust bed pressures; increased patient stays and breaches of targets (ED targets.) Radiology staff over stretched due to covering extra overtime continuously to meet targets and internal wait. Unsustainable service. Cost pressure from the use of agency staff and overtime payments	Patient safety	Staff volunteer to do overtime/extra duties . Agency and bank staff are being used to cover sessions	16 Likely Major	Recruit to vacancies - 30/03/2016	6 CLA
2384 Maternity Women's and Children's	There is an increased risk in the incidence of babies being born with HIE (moderate & severe) within UHL	12/12/2015 24/06/2014	Causes: Increased incidence of Hypoxic Ischemic Encephalopathy (HIE) within UHL 2012 2.3/1000 (2013 - further increase - incidence not defined). Compared to Trent & Yorkshire incidence 1.4/1000 births. Decision-making/capacity /CTG interpretation Midwifery staffing levels/Capacity Medical staffing levels overnight @LGH Consequences: Mismanagement of patient care Litigation risk Adverse publicity	Patient safety	Interim solution to increase capacity Monthly figures of HIE to be included in W&C dashboard Mandatory training for CTG/CTG Masterclass Weekly session to discuss CTG interpretation with junior doctors Active recruitment process for midwifery staff	16 Likely Major	Development of a decision education package focusing on the management of the 2nd stage of labour due 12/12/15.	8 ACURR

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2153	Paediatrics Women's and Children's	Shortfall in the number of all qualified nurses working in the Children's Hospital.	31/12/2015 03/09/2013	<p>Causes</p> <p>The Children's Hospital is currently experiencing a shortfall in the number of Children's registered nurses. This is due to high numbers of vacancies and staff on maternity leave and long term sickness.</p> <p>Consequences</p> <p>There is a short fall in the number of appropriately qualified children's nurses in the Children's Hospital which could impact on the quality of patient care.</p>	HR	<p>Where possible the bed base is flexed on a daily bases to ensure we are maintaining our nurse to bed ratios</p> <p>There is an active campaign to recruit nurses locally, national and internationally</p> <p>Additional health care assistance have been employed to support the shortfall of qualified nurses.</p> <p>Specialise Nurses are helping to cover ward clinical shifts.</p> <p>Cardiac Liaison Team cover Outpatient clinics</p> <p>Overtime, bank & agency staff requested</p> <p>Head of Nursing, Lead Nurse, Matron and ECMO Co-ordinator cover clinical shifts</p> <p>Adult ICU staff cover shifts where possible</p> <p>Recruitment and retention premium in place to reduce turn-off of staff</p> <p>Part time staff being paid overtime</p> <p>Program in place for international nurses in the HDU and Intensive Care Environment</p> <p>Second Registration for Adult nurses in place</p>	Major	16	<p>Weekly metrics related to staffing shortages reported to CMG team and action taken where identified - due 11/01/16</p> <p>Complete staff safe levels daily and take action where required. Clear escalation process - Due 11/01/16</p> <p>Matrons daily ward rounds - due 11/1/16</p> <p>Second registration course to commence September 2015 and be evaluated - due 11/01/16</p> <p>Completion of a period of perceptorship for new international qualified nurses - due 30/01/2016</p> <p>Continue to recruit to remaining vacancies - due 30/01/16</p>	8	HKI
2593	Hinckley The Alliance	There is a risk of cross infection and non compliance with JAG due to inadequate design of the endoscopy decontamination dept	30/09/2015 24/08/2015	<p>Causes:</p> <p>The fabric of the building does not allow for alterations which would make the unit compliant with JAG regulations.</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>A risk of cross infection between clean and dirty scopes</p> <p>The unit does not meet national JAG standards</p> <p>Inability to gain JAG accreditation may result in lost tariff (10% from 2015) and restrictions on activity Loss of reputation.</p> <p>Loss of income</p> <p>Reduction of activity</p> <p>Limited service to patients in Hinckley</p>	Quality	<p>Care is taken to segregate clean from dirty scopes.</p> <p>Staff have received training from the Infection Control Nurse to ensure compliance is maintained.</p>	Major	16	<p>WLCCG carrying out piece of work reviewing healthcare provision in Hinckley area. Option appraisal will consider whether to do nothing, stop providing endoscopy in Hinckley area or build a new compliant unit -</p> <p>General Manager to consider moving activity from Hinckley to other sites in order to maximise income -</p>	2	AHE

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2394	Communications	No IT support for the clinical photography database (IMAN)	31/10/2015 07/04/2014	<p>Cause: IMAN stores the clinical photographs taken by the clinical photographers on behalf of clinical staff requesting them and form part of the patient's medical record. It contains >60,000 images of >9,000 patients since 2009. The hardware is supported by IM&T but is now out of warranty. The application software is no longer supported by its creator SEARCH Technologies (since April 2014).</p> <p>Consequence: If a fault were to occur with the database we cannot fix it. Clinicians would not be able to view the photographs of their patients. Patient safety will be jeopardised.</p>	Patient safety	<p>IM&T hardware support; IM&T Integration & Development team best endeavours to support the application software; separate backup of images on Apple server in Medical Illustration. Project brief published Nov 2014 for new database. Funding from IM&T agreed April 2015. Functional Specification for new system published Sep 2015. IM&T project and technical support sought Oct 2015.</p>	Major	16 Likely	Project brief prepared and included in funding plans for 2015/16	16 Likely	SAN
2338	Medical Directorate	There is a risk of patients not receiving medication and patients receiving the incorrect medication due to an unstable homecare	30/11/2015 09/01/2014	<p>Causes: A major homecare company has left the Homecare market requiring remaining companies to take on large numbers of patients. These companies are now experiencing difficulties in maintaining their current levels of service.</p> <p>Consequences: Existing providers of homecare services are having difficulties achieving satisfactory level of deliveries UHL patients are now being affected and poor patient experience. Patients receiving incorrect medication or not receiving any medication via homecare Patients having difficulties in contacting homecare telephone helplines. Potential interruption in supply of chemotherapy agents from Bath ASU. Deliveries not arriving leading to missed doses and also issues with patients having to take time of work to accept the deliveries There are a significant number of patients, clinicians and pharmacy staff who have lost confidence in the homecare services provided on behalf of UHL. As UHL have had to purchase these drugs, there is a loss of the VAT benefits that were originally gained by the health community. Adverse impact on Trust reputation Potential breaches of patient confidentiality</p>	Patient safety	<p>UHL Homecare team liaising with homecare companies to try and resolve issues of which they are made aware. H@H high risk patients currently being repatriated to UHL. UHL procurement pharmacist in discussion with NHS England (statement due out soon - timeframe unsure), and with the CMU. Patient groups and peer group discussions also been had to support patient education and support during this uncertain period. Reviewing which medicines can be done through UHL out-patient provider or through UHL Discussions with Medical Director and CMG (CSI) and clinical speciality teams to ensure that any necessary clinical pathway changes are supported Repatriation of urgent drugs back to UHL out-patient provider Self - assessment against Hackett criteria against all homecare schemes</p>	Major	16 Likely	<p>Review of RPS stds across region - 30/11/2015 Review against Hackett - due 30/11/2015 Appt of homecare administrator post - 30/11/2015</p>	9 Likely	CELL

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score Likelihood	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2337	Medical Directorate	There is a risk of results of outpatient diagnostic tests not being reviewed or acted upon resulting in patient harm	31/01/2016 10/07/2013	Consequences Potential for mismanagement of patients to include: Severe harm or death to patient. Suboptimal treatment. Delayed diagnosis. Increased potential for incidents, complaints, inquests and claims. Risk of adverse publicity to UHL leading to loss of good reputation. Financial consequences to include: Potential increase in NHSLA contributions. Potential increased LOS.	Patient safety	Abnormal pathology results escalation process Suspicious imaging findings escalated to MDTs Trust plan to replace iCM (to include mandatory fields requiring clinicians to acknowledge results).	Major	16 Likely	Implementation of Diagnostic testing policy across Trust - to ensure agreed specialty processes for outpatient management of diagnostic tests results - complete. Development IT work with IBM to improve results system for clinicians and Trust to develop EPR with fit for purpose results management system. - Jan 16	8	ADOS
2093	R&I Medical Directorate	Athena Swan - potential Biomedical Research Unit funding issues.	31/03/2016 06/08/2014	The Athena SWAN Charter is a recognition scheme for UK universities and celebrates good employment practice for women working in science, engineering and technology (SET) departments. Standards required for next round of Biomedical Research Unit (BRU) submissions. Academic partners required to be at least Silver Status. Failure for the University to achieve this will result in UHL being unable to bid successfully for repeat funding of the BRUs. There is a very real possibility that UHL will lose ALL BRUs if this is not adequately addressed.	Economic	Every meeting with the University, Athena Swan is on the Agenda. Out of UHL control directly, but every avenue is being used to keep the emphasis high at the University. New high level process has been introduced at University of Leicester to drive and supervise the application.	Major	16 Likely	Medical school has submitted bid for Athena Swan Silver and will learn outcome in September 2015. Individual medical school departments are preparing separate bids for Athena Swan Silver that will be submitted in October 2015 if medical school bid unsuccessful - 31/12/15	4	CMAL

Risk ID	Specialty	CMG	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Likelihood	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2318	EMAC		There is a risk of blocked drains causing leaks and localized flooding of sewage impacting on service provision	30/12/2015 17/03/2014	<p>Causes:</p> <p>Aging infrastructure unable to cope with the volume of sewage due to restrictions and narrowing of the pipes</p> <p>Staff, visitors and patients placing materials other than toilet paper into the drainage system including wipes, sanitary towels and nappies.</p> <p>Back flow sink drains are unprotected resulting in foreign bodies</p> <p>Consequence:</p> <p>Blockages build up easier and the older pipes cannot cope with the additional pressure causing leaks of raw sewage into occupied areas.</p> <p>Pipes cannot cope with the non-degradable materials and flooding occurs</p> <p>Localised flooding of clinical areas often involving areas on the floors below</p> <p>Foreign bodies block the drains and cause back fill and overspill of sinks and other facilities</p> <p>Clinical areas and staff areas become contaminated with raw sewage.</p> <p>Patients contaminated with sewage from leaks in the ceilings above their bays/beds.</p> <p>Whilst repairs are underway it may become necessary to isolate and turn off showers, toilets and washing facilities elsewhere in the building.</p> <p>Potential media coverage (one request for information from Leicester Mercury during August 2014) which could result in a loss of reputation and patient satisfaction scores</p> <p>Quality and safe delivery of care compromised in areas of sewage leaks resulting in disruption to service</p> <p>Risk to health and safety of staff from an unsafe working environment resulting in contamination, slips and falls</p> <p>Increased risk of infections</p>	Quality	<p>CCTV surveys of drains completed as far as possible in Balmoral, Windsor, Victoria and Modular Wards.</p> <p>Remedial works carried out in priority areas.</p> <p>New main drain being installed in Service level 2 to divert 19 drain stacks to external drain, this reduces pressure on drains below level 3.</p> <p>Business Continuity Plans for all CMGs</p> <p>Single choice patient wipes agreed at NET.</p> <p>Reporting of the number of blockages monitored by NHS Horizons and by Trust.</p>	Major	Likely	16	<p>Cost of replacement of stacks to be assessed by Nigel Bond - due 31/12/15</p> <p>NHS Horizons to identify additional measures to reduce blockages - Nigel Bond 31/12/15</p>	2	GLA

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2325	Corporate Nursing	There is a risk that security staff not assisting with restraint could impact on patient/staff safety	04/03/2014	<p>31/12/2015</p> <p>Causes</p> <p>Interserve refusal to provide trained staff to carry out non-harmful physical intervention, holding and restraint skills, where patient control is necessary to deliver essential critical care to patients lacking capacity to consent to treatment. Insufficient UHL staff trained in use of non-harmful physical intervention and restraint skills to carry out patient control. Termination of Physical skills training contract with LPT provider in January 2014.</p> <p>Consequence</p> <p>Inability to deliver safe clinical interventions for patients lacking capacity who resist treatment and/or examination.</p> <p>Increased risk of Life threatening or serious harm to patients resisting clinical intervention</p> <p>Increased risk of injuries to patients due to physical interventions by inexperienced/untrained staff.</p> <p>Increased risk of injuries to untrained staff carrying out physical interventions.</p> <p>Increased risk of injuries to staff carrying out clinical procedures</p> <p>Requirement for increased staffing presence to carry out safe procedures</p> <p>Reduced quality of service due to diverted staff resources</p> <p>Increased risk of sick absence due to staff injury.</p> <p>Increased risk of complaints from patients and visitors</p> <p>Increased risk of failure to meet targets</p> <p>Adverse publicity</p>	Patient safety	UHL Nursing and Horizons colleagues have met with Interserve 12/03/14 and UHL have agreed to issue a temporary indemnity notice that will provide vicarious liability cover for Interserve staff in these situations (supported by our legal team). This was rejected by Interserve Management	Major	16	Development and delivery of training programme in Physical Skills for clinical staff - 31/12/15	6	DLO

Risk ID	Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Likelihood	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2247	Corporate Nursing	There is a risk that a significant number of RN vacancies in UHL could affect patient safety	31/12/2015 30/10/2013	<p>Causes:</p> <p>Shortage of available Registered Nurses (RN) in Leicestershire.</p> <p>Nursing establishment review undertaken resulting in significant vacancies due to investment.</p> <p>Insufficient HRSS Capacity leading to delays in recruitment.</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>Potential increased clinical risk in areas.</p> <p>Increase in occurrence of pressure damage and patient falls.</p> <p>Increase in patient complaints.</p> <p>Reduced morale of staff, affecting retention of new starters.</p> <p>Risk to Trust reputation.</p> <p>Impact on Trust financial position due to premium rate staffing being utilised to maintain safety.</p> <p>Increased vacancies across UHL.</p> <p>Increased pay bill in terms of cover for establishment rotas prior to permanent appointments.</p> <p>HRSS capacity has not increased to coincide and support the increase in vacancies across the Trust.</p> <p>Delays in processing of pre employment checks due to increased recruitment activity.</p> <p>Delayed start dates for business critical posts.</p> <p>Benefits of bulk and other recruitment campaigns not being realised as effectively as anticipated and expected.</p> <p>Service areas outside of nursing being impacted upon due to emphasis on nursing roles.</p>	Patient safety	<p>HRSS structure review.</p> <p>A temporary Band 5 HRSS Team Leader appointed.</p> <p>A Nursing lead identified.</p> <p>Recruitment plan developed with fortnightly meetings to review progress.</p> <p>Vacancy monitoring.</p> <p>Bank/agency utilisation.</p> <p>Shift moves of staff.</p> <p>Ward Manager/Matron return to wards full time.</p>	Major	16	Likely	<p>Over recruit HCAs. - 30/10/16</p> <p>Utilise other roles to liberate nursing time - 30/04/17</p>	12	MMC

Risk ID	Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
1693	Clinical Coding Operations	There is a risk of inaccuracies in clinical coding resulting in loss of income	31/03/2016 08/02/2011	<p>Causes:</p> <p>Casenote availability and casenote documentation.</p> <p>HISS/PatientCentre constraints (HRG codes not generated due to old version of Patient Administration System)</p> <p>High workload (coding per person above national average).</p> <p>Unable to recruit to trained coder posts (band 4/5)</p> <p>Inaccuracies / omissions in source documentation (e.g. case notes and discharge summaries may not include co-morbidities, high cost drugs may not be listed). Coding proformas/ ticklists designed (LiA scheme and previously) but not widely used.</p> <p>Electronic coding (Medicode Encoder) implemented February 2012 but not updated since (old versions of HRG). The system has no support model with IM&T, so errors are difficult to resolve.</p> <p>Mandatory training not undertaken for 3 years (the maximum span permitted)</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>Loss of income (PbR).</p> <p>Potential outlier for SHMI/HSMR data.</p> <p>Non- optimisation of HRG.</p> <p>Loss of Trust reputation.</p>	Economic	<p>4 Trainee coders commenced in Jan15 and have commenced comprehensive training in February (minimum of 21 days). Recruitment and retention strategy being developed with support of HR.</p> <p>Currently advertising for replacement band 6 site lead and band 5/6 coding trainer posts. Agency coders being used to backfill vacant positions.</p> <p>Medicode has been upgraded in the test environment but is failing to function correctly. The benefits of Medicode are being re-evaluated with a view to ensuring a comprehensive IT support model is developed. When upgraded, Medicode will provide an audit functionality to facilitate regular audit of coding.</p> <p>In the short term an in-house audit tool has been developed by the Head of Information and routine randomised audit has commenced.</p> <p>Lead clinicians identified to move coding closer to the clinician. "Codebreaker" system has been developed by Respiratory Medicine (enabling clinicians to record diagnostic coding in real time) and implementation has the support of the coding department. A trust Clinical Coding policy is under development.</p> <p>Scorecard redevelopment to demonstrate improvements and benchmark against other Trusts.</p> <p>3 year refresher training to be in place and funded recurrently</p> <p>Regular updates to the Audit Committee.</p> <p>Coding managers present overview for Junior doctor induction</p> <p>PbR CIP Project Group commenced</p>	Major	16	<p>Work with CMGs / ward clerks to maximise transfer of casenotes to Clinical Coding - 31/03/16</p> <p>Appoint Coding trainer (Band 5/6) - 31/03/16</p> <p>Establish comprehensive IT support model for Medicode - 31/03/16</p> <p>Appoint replacement coding site lead (Band 6) - 30/04/16</p>	8	JRO

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2316	Business Continuity Operations	There is a risk of flooding from fluvial and pluvial sources resulting in interruption to Services	31/12/2015 03/06/2014	<p>Causes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pluvial flooding (all sites) external and internally Fluvial flooding (at LRI) from the River Soar Heavy, prolonged rain fall Winter snow/ice melt Blocked drains <p>Consequence:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Loss of service areas/buildings/site To the full extent of the river soar flood plain the majority of the LRI would be flooded Sewage ingress Contamination of infrastructure Patient safety Loss of electrical supplies Loss of mains water and drainage Disruption to supply lines Staff difficulties getting in Staff difficulties getting home - staff car parks and vehicles flooded Reputation and publicity on the impact of flooding, the development of a site at risk from flooding, the response and recovery 	Targets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flood Plan - LRF and UHL Response teams IPC Policy Local Business Continuity Plans UHL Major Incident Plan UHL/Multi-agency communications plan Insurance Policy Cooperate with LRF partners to test the LRF plans 	16 Likely	Update UHL flood plan to identify services and equipment at risk and identify control measures - 28/02/2016	12	PWA

Risk ID	Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2549	Orthodontics & Restorative Dentistry Multidisciplinary and Specialist Surgery	There is a known risk of excessive waiting times in the departments of Orthodontics and Restorative Dentistry	31/12/2015 10/01/2015	<p>Causes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Orthodontics - Treatment capacity reduced over the years (3 wte to 1.6 wte). - No junior support (SpR, SAS grades) - Poor OPD waiting list management with planned patients not being placed onto active waiting list when they are ready for treatment to begin. We are therefore not sighted to the true waiting time of the patients. - Restorative Dentistry - Increasing requirement for specialist work - particularly endodontic - Capacity cannot keep up with the demand <p>Consequences:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Orthodontics - 336 patients on the waiting list. - Longest wait of 5.5 years - RTT start March 2010 - Increasing number of complaints. - Not able to provide an indication as to when they might start treatment. - Psychological impact for the patient. - Restorative Dentistry - Closed to endodontic referrals - significantly reduced provision for this on the NHS within Leicester and Leicestershire. - 20, 52 week breaches within August and September 2014. - Affected the Trusts bottom line non-admitted performance. - Increased complaints. 	Patient safety	<p>Endodontic waiting list closed to new referrals (Restorative Dentistry).</p> <p>Revised endodontic guidelines agreed and in place from 1.4.15.</p> <p>Managing the orthodontic patients in order by longest wait.</p>	Extreme	15	<p>Business case approved describing investment required to increase capacity - completed.</p> <p>Clinical and admin validation of orthodontic waiting list required. Public health to be involved - completed.</p> <p>Record all patients waiting times correctly on HISS - completed.</p> <p>Transfer patients to Nottingham - commissioner approval in place - completed.</p> <p>Transfer patients to Northampton - On progress, Northants are now only able to take 4 patients per month from dec 2015 - due 31/03/16.</p> <p>Recruitment of 2 locum consultant orthodontists (first advert did not elicit suitable candidates - re-advertised - due to lose mid October 15)- due 6 months.</p> <p>TDA to agree with NHSE for the IPT of patients - completed.</p>	1	ARA

Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Risk Owner
CMG	Opened	Target Risk Score				Likelihood		
Risk ID						Impact		
760	Fire compartmentation at LGH	31/03/2016 08/01/2007	<p>Causes:</p> <p>Fire risk assessment/observations have found a number of areas within the hospital where the fire compartmentation has been compromised including gaps in Fire Door fittings. Ageing infrastructure (wear and tear). Backlog maintenance.</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>Safety implications to all occupants in the event of a fire scenario. Critical report from inspecting safety and fire authorities due to non-compliances with Fire Safety Order and HTMs.</p>	Quality	Fire risk assessment monitored on a regular basis. Early warning fire detection and alarm systems. Reinstatement of fire breaks by in-house staff, subject to availability of resources. Staff statutory fire safety training.	15 Possible Extreme	Prioritise capital investment to replace and improve fire compartmentation - 31/03/16	ADM
2561	Non specialist Provision of Vascular Access Services on the LGH/GGH site in comparison to the services offered at the LRI	31/12/2015 22/07/2015	<p>Causes</p> <p>No specialist provision of vascular access on LGH/ GGH Service currently provided by clinicians non-specialised , unplanned and non patient focused (high specialist role - not likely to recruit staff with appropriate skill level). Staffing levels reduced due to retirement.</p> <p>Consequences</p> <p>Delays in provision of vascular access services cause harm to patients; delay in receiving appropriate treatment , failure of procedures , risk of infection and poor patient outcomes resulting in increased length of stay. Lack of cover to GGH/ LGH could possibly create discharge difficulties /failure to provide the most appropriate care delaying discharge.</p>	Patient safety	Nationally recognised Vascular Access Service provision at the LRI, delivered at exceptionally high standards. Vascular access is provided in a planned , patient centred fashion by a very experienced team of nurse specialists. Service already offer out patient and direct access provision to prevent admission .	15 Almost certain Moderate	Recruit to substantial posts following approval of the business case - 31/12/15	JHA

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2673	Cytogenetics Clinical Support and Imaging	Decommissioning of the cytogenetics laboratory service at UHL through the NHS England Review	31/12/2015 14/10/2015	Consequences: The cytogenetics laboratory at UHL will be unable to respond to the procurement specification as a stand alone laboratory on the basis of the outline specification. This is due to there being no molecular genetics laboratory within UHL that undertakes routine diagnostic clinical sequencing. Decommissioning of part of the cytogenetics laboratory repertoire within the remit of the procurement could destabilise the elements of the service that are out with of the specification which in turn could destabilise other services within UHL for example the HMDL service. Loss of a local laboratory would result in all samples being sent to other laboratories for analysis and may adversely affect patient care. Reduction in repertoire may result in loss of highly specialised clinical scientists and other technical staff.	Tarcecis	Empath procurement specification utilising exiting services within UHL and NUH pathology services. This includes Molecular genetics at NUH and Empath molecular diagnostics to ensure that all elements of the procurement be addressed. Public consultation period clarifying the scope and service specification requirements in autumn 2014. Plans to form a single genetic laboratory service for the east midlands under Empath which would be able to cover the expected requirements of the service specification There is a verbal agreement to submit a joint response to the tender between UHL and NUH incorporating Empath services and genetics at NUH.	Extreme	15 Possible	Submit successful tender for provision of genetic laboratory services to the East Midlands. Empath response to procurement (with NUH) - April 2016	10	LCR

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2426	Dialectics Clinical Support and Imaging	There is a risk that an increase in referrals could compromise safety for patients with complex nutritional requirements	31/12/2015 28/10/2014	<p>Causes: Increased workload with greater number of patient referrals. Inability to staff the PN round daily due to shortage of staffing resource.</p> <p>Consequences: Increased length of stay, prescription errors, delays in reviewing patients, reduced quality of care, loss of patency of lines and reduced efficiency around checking patients' blood results. Delayed response to complex Home Parenteral Nutrition patients' contacts/referrals due to further increase in inpatient workload. Increased risk of prescribing errors due high workload and pressures to respond quickly. Insufficient nursing and dietetic cover to action promptly the increasing numbers of all referrals in-house and in the community, resulting in a number of patients receiving delayed reviews. Increased levels of stress amongst the team, which could result in increased sickness absence, which would further exacerbate the risks above. Risks to patient safety due to not being reviewed daily, particularly unstable patients. HIFNET bid will fail due to current staffing establishment. Loss of regional and national intestinal failure status. Loss of income from HIFNET bid. This will affect other services throughout the Trust (e.g. bariatric services).</p>	Patient safety	Temporary controls following previous risk assessment December 2013, in the form of funding 1.0 WTE at Band 6 nurse and 0.21 at Band 8a nurse and 1.0 WTE Band 6 Dietitian, on a temporary basis, currently in place until 30/3/15.	Moderate	15	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Review possibility of capping numbers of HPN referrals with the clinical teams. Review possibility of capping inpatient PN tailored bags - 31/12/2015. 2. Consider converting temporary posts to permanent contracts to ensure continuity of staffing and training needs- complete. 3. Urgent review of the NST service to ascertain requirements for further uplift in staffing levels - 31/12/2015. 4. Consider the option to Identify and facilitate professional checking by qualified pharmacist of the HPN prescriptions on a daily basis - complete. 5. Review current response times for enteral and HOS referrals, with a view to lengthening (current standard is within 24 hours) on a short term basis, to reduce pressure on the team - complete. 6. Complete stress risk assessments on all members of the nutrition nurse team and take any identified actions - 31/12/2015. 7. Urgent review of job plans to all members of the NST to meet high risk priorities - 31/12/2015. 8. Audit readmissions of HPN patients - complete. 9. To create and develop a specialist pharmacist post dedicated to nutrition in line with the current Pharmacy workforce optimisation review - 31/12/2015. 	3	MSC

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Likelihood	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2278	Family Planning Women's and Children's	There is a risk that the Leicester Fertility Centre could have its licence for the provision of treatment and services withdrawn	31/01/2016 17/12/2013	<p>Causes: Inadequate staffing levels and inappropriate quality systems in place. ISO 15189 accreditation would be an outcome if the service was adequately staffed with appropriate quality systems in place.</p> <p>Consequences: Patient safety and quality issues if unable to deliver service. Financial impact if patients choose to move elsewhere or NHS contracts not obtained. Risk to Trust reputation. Challenging external recommendations/improvement notice from HFEA - critical report received Feb 2013.</p>	Statutory	<p>1 full time trained Embryologist to a national recognised level. 3 part time trained Embryologist to a national recognised level. 1 0.8wte Band 6 BMS.</p>	Moderate	15	Almost certain	All actions complete - Have all reasonable actions been taken to mitigate this risk and consequently could this risk be redced to its target risk rating and closed on the Datix risk register?	6	DMARS
2501	Gynaecology Women's and Children's	There is a risk of delay in gynaecology patient correspondence due to a backlog in typing	28/02/2016 24/08/2015	<p>Causes: An increase in the number of referrals to gynaecology services. 1.0 wte vacancy of an audio typist. Bank and Agency staff being used to reduce typing backlog are not consistent especially during holiday periods. In addition delays can occur due to Consultants working cross-site and not accessing results promptly in order for the letters to be completed.</p> <p>Consequences: Delay in timely appointment letters to patients Delay in patients receiving results Delay in patients receiving follow up appointments Breach in the Trust standard for typing and sending out of patients letters (48 hours maximum time from date of dictation)</p> <p>As at 21/08/15 - there is a delay in gynaecology correspondence to the patient of: - 8 weeks following a general gynaecology appointment at LRI - 8 weeks for 1st appointment letters for Colposcopy at LRI - 1 week and 5 days for colposcopy result letters at LRI - 10 days for communication to GP with regards to the patient.</p>	Quality	<p>2 week wait clinics or any letters highlighted on Windscribe in red are typed as urgent. Weekly admin management meeting standing agenda item: typing backlog by site also by Colposcopy and general gynaecology. Using Bank & Agency Staff. Protected typing for a limited number of staff.</p>	Moderate	15	Almost certain	Clearance of backlog of letters - due 28/02/2016	6	DMAR

Risk ID	Speciality	Risk Title	Review Date Opened	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Likelihood	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2402	Corporate Nursing	There is a risk that inappropriate decontamination practise may result in harm to patients and staff	14/11/2015 19/08/2014	<p>Causes:</p> <p>Endoscope Washer Disinfector (EWD) reprocessing is undertaken in multiple locations within UHL other than the Endoscopy Units. These areas do not meet current guidelines with regard to</p> <p>a. <input type="checkbox"/> Environment b. <input type="checkbox"/> Managerial oversight c. <input type="checkbox"/> Education and Training of staff</p> <p>Consequences:</p> <p>Lack of oversight of Decontamination practice across the Trust Equipment purchased may not be capable of adequate decontamination if not approved by Infection Prevention Current Endoscope Washer Disinfectors (EWD) re-processing locations (other than endoscopy units) are unsatisfactory. All of the above having the potential for inadequately decontaminated equipment to be used Patient harm due to increased risk of infection Risk to staff health either by infection or chemical exposure Reputational damage to the organisation Financial penalty Risk of litigation Additional cost to the organisation when further equipment must be purchased</p>	Patient safety	<p>Surgical instrument decontamination outsourced to third party provider. Joint management board and operational group oversee this contract.</p> <p>The endoscopy units undergo Joint Advisory Group on GI endoscopy (JAG) accreditation. This is an external review that includes compliance with decontamination standards. All units are currently compliant.</p> <p>Current policy in place for decontamination of equipment at ward level. Equipment cleanliness at ward level is audited as part of monthly environmental audits and an annual Trust wide audit is carried out. Benchtop sterilisers are serviced by a third party Endoscope washer disinfectors are serviced as part of a maintenance contract Infection prevention team are auditing current decontamination practice within UHL. Position paper sent to Trust Infection Prevention Assurance Committee in November 2013 Infection prevention team provide advice and support to service users if requested Endoscopy water test results monitored by IP team. Failed results sent to the team by Food and Water laboratory and these are followed up with relevant teams to ensure actions have been taken.</p>	Moderate	Almost certain	15	<p>Complete full review of decontamination practice within UHL and make recommendations for future practice - 31/12/2015</p> <p>Review all education and training for staff involved in reprocessing reusable medical equipment - 14/11/15</p> <p>Review the use of equipment and the appropriateness of their current placement according to national guidance - 14/11/15</p>	3	LCOL

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
1551	Quality Corporate Nursing	Failure to manage Category C documents on UHL Document Management system (Insite)	31/12/2015 14/03/2011	<p>Causes:</p> <p>Lack of resource at CMG/directorate level to check review dates and enter local guidance onto the system in a timely manner.</p> <p>Lack of resource in CASE team effectively 'police' cat C documents</p> <p>Clinical guidelines very difficult to locate due to difficulties in navigating on InSite</p> <p>During migration from Sharepoint 2007 to Sharepoint 2010 searched documents displayed the titles of the files rather than the titles of documents.</p> <p>Consequences</p> <p>InSite may not contain the most recent versions of all category C documents.</p> <p>There may be duplication of documents with older versions being able to be accessed in addition to the most recent version.</p> <p>Staff may be following incorrect guidance (clinical or non-clinical) which could adversely impact on patient care.</p>	Quality	Reports run from Sharepoint to show review dates of guidelines for each CMG A review date and author have now been assigned to each Cat C where this is possible.	Moderate	15	<p>Make contact with lead authors in relation to out of review date documents - 31/12/15</p> <p>Compile a list of local guidelines requiring review and send to CMGs for action - 31/12/15</p> <p>CMGs to advise 'CRESPO' of any guidelines requiring urgent revision/ attention or that need to be removed from InSite - 31/12/15</p> <p>Provide a message on InSite to inform staff that work to improve the system is ongoing and if necessary advise can be sought from Rebecca Broughton/ Claire Wilday - 31/12/15</p> <p>Implement shared mailbox to receive responses from CMGs - 31/12/15</p> <p>Ensure input from IM&T to make InSite more effective as a document library - 31/12/15</p> <p>Continue work to assign review dates and authors to all CAT C documents 31/12/15</p>	9	SH

Risk ID	Specialty	Risk Title	Review Date	Description of Risk	Risk subtype	Controls in place	Impact	Current Risk Score	Likelihood	Action summary	Target Risk Score	Risk Owner
2467	Emergency and Specialist Medicine	Outlying medical patients to ward 24 (Neurology) and into other CMG beds due to bed capacity	31/01/2016 12/03/2014	<p>There is a risk that owing to the increase in medical admissions that the bed base/Ward 24 will be insufficient resulting in the need to out lie into other speciality/CMG beds jeopardizing delivery of the RTT targets and poor quality of care.</p> <p>There is a requirement to outlie medical patients because of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o 8% increase in medical admissions and current insufficient medical bed capacity o Daily admission levels warranting the need to outlie ahead of the winter months - winter capacity needed o Discharge processes not as efficient as they should be internally impacting patient flow and patients waiting in ED for admission o Continued delayed transfers of care o On-going risks and potential harm to patients as a consequence of overcrowding in ED o OOH teams have to make decisions to use all available capacity to cope with pressures in ED <p>The ability to open extra beds within the CMG is compounded by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o >100 Nursing vacancies o Medical staffing vacancies 	Patent safety	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Review of capacity requirements throughout the day 4 X daily * Issues escalated at Gold command meetings and outlying plans executed as necessary taking into account impact on elective activity * Opportunities to use community capacity (beds and community services) promoted at site meetings. * Daily board rounds and conference calls to confirm and challenge requirements for patients who have met criteria for discharge and where there are delays * ICRS in reach in place . PCC roles fully embedded * Discharges before 11am and 1pm monitored weekly supported by review of weekly ward based metrics * Ward based discharge group working to implement new ways of delivering safe and early discharge * Explicit criteria for outlying in place supported by recent clarification from Assistant HON * Review of complaints and incidents * Safety rota developed to ensure there is an identified consultant to review outliers on non medical wards * Matron appointed to lead on discharge and focus on outliers. * Matron cover until 8pm Monday to Friday and 8 - 4pm at the weekend. * Enhanced UHL weekend senior Gold Support * Safety Rota daily Doctor identified for outliers * Matron identified for outliers with daily review and plans. 	Extreme	10	Almost certain	<p>Develop clear escalation plans supported by a decision tree for opening flex/buffer beds (CMG decision only) Closed</p> <p>Revised Emergency Quality Steering Group action plan - 31/12/2015</p> <p>Raise staff awareness re winter plans and access to community resources to enable patients to be discharged in a timely manner - 31/12/2015</p> <p>CMG to access and act on additional corporate support to focus on discharge processes - 31/12/2015</p>	9	JIE